BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY WHEELER & LYNDE. FRIDAY MORNING, APRIL 12, 1867. VOLUME XXXIV—NUMBER 86.

THE BANGOR
Daily Whig & Courier,
PUBLISHED MORNINGS,
...'s Block, East End Kenduskeag Bridge, on the Lower Floor.

TERMS—$8.00 per Year.
4.00 for Six Months.
2.00 for Three Months.
INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE

The Bangor Weekly Courier
IS PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY,
at the office of the Daily Whig and Courier, at Two Dollars per year, *invariably in advance.*
WHEELER & LYNDE, PROPRIETORS.
... WHEELER. JOHN H. LYNDE.

AGENCIES
... Pettengill & Co., 10 State Street, Boston, ... Park Row, New York, are authorized Agents to receive Advertisements and Subscriptions for us.
... Niles, Agent, Scollay's Building, Court Street, Boston.

Subscriptions must in all cases be paid in advance. Subscribers finding this notice marked will ... that the time for which they paid has expired.
...subscription expires

BUSINESS CARDS.

PRINCE A. GATCHELL,
Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law
BANGOR.
...Clerk of Courts Office. mch 14—4w

JASPER HUTCHINGS,
Counsellor and Attorney-at-Law,
EXCHANGE BLOCK,
... BANGOR, MAINE.

WM. T. HILLIARD,
Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law,
—OFFICE—
...Mercantile Bank, Hammond St.
Bangor, Nov. 22, 1866—tf (Times copy)

SMITH, NEALLEY & CO.,
(Successors to Holmes & Smith)
DEALERS IN
SHIP STORES
AND CHANDLERY,
WEST INDIA GOODS,
PROVISIONS & GROCERIES
Corner of Washington & Exchange Streets,
BANGOR, ME.
February ... dtf

EBEN STEVENS,
MANUFACTURING
JEWELER & ENGRAVER,
No. 36 Hammond Street,
Opposite the Court House, - - Bangor, Me.
Dec 15, 1866 tf

ROBERT TREAT & CO
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
CORN & FLOUR,
W. I. GOODS, GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, SHIP CHANDLERY &C.
No. 10 and 12 Exchange St. Opposite Post Exchange.
ROBERT TREAT, JOHN STRANGE.
...r 7 dtf

JOHN B. FOSTER. JOSEPH W. FREESE
JOHN B. FOSTER & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
Auctioneers & Insurance Agents,
No. 94 West Market Square, Bangor, Me.
Particular attention given to the sale of Real Estate, Merchandise and Personal Property. may18

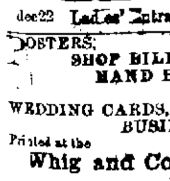
E. L. MITCHELL,
Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law
OFFICE,
No. 55 WEST MARKET SQUARE,
Bangor, Maine.
Will give prompt and personal attention to the collection of all demands, and to all other business entrusted to his care. sept 5—3taw

50 Per Cent. Less than Former Prices
E. P. LANSIL,
COOPER & CISTERN MAKER,
Would inform the people of Bangor, and the public generally, that he is prepared to make to order and warranted, at reduced prices,
CISTERNS, TANKS
WATER CASKS, &c.
Orders left at MUTUAL STORE CO., Central St., GIBBS, PHILLIPS & CO., Broad St., will receive prompt attention.
Post Office address, Box 89. jan 2 tf

LOTHROP, BEARSE & CO.
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
EXCELSIOR BURNING OIL,
Signal Oil, Coal, Sperm, Whale, Lard, and Lubricating Oils, also
BURNING FLUID, PETROLEUM and BENZINE,
Lamp Ware, Burners, Fluid Tubes, Wicking &c
NO. 4 INDIA STREET,
BOSTON.
... LOTHROP, ... BEARSE, ...
J. W. Handy, Travelling Agt
N. H. COLTON, General Agent for Bangor.
...e 25 3taw

WAR CLAIMS,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
Promptly collected on the most liberal terms,
By Perkins & Smith,
Office—2½ West End Kenduskeag Bridge,
BANGOR, MAINE.
NATHAN L. PERKINS | DANIEL SMITH, Jr.
NATHAN L. PERKINS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office as above. may 31

HORTON & PATTEN,
DEALERS IN
Pianos, Cabinet Organs,
Melodeons, Violins, Guitars & Strings
MUSIC BOOKS AND SHEET MUSIC
TUNING & REPAIRING DONE TO ORDER.
No. 7, East End Kenduskeag Bridge,
L. B. HORTON, J. S. PATTEN. apr 10 BANGOR, ME.

J. H. CLERGUE

BARBER,
—AND—
Ladies' and Gents'
Wig-Maker,
Has removed to No. 119 Exchange St., over Blood & Rowe's.
dec22 Ladies' Entrance No. 115.

POSTERS,
SHOP BILLS,
HAND BILLS,
CIRCULARS
WEDDING CARDS,
BUSINESS CARDS, &c
Printed at the
Whig and Courier Office,
BOWMAN'S BLOCK.
NO STAIRS TO CLIMB

New Room Papers
AND BORDERS,
... mch 14 ...
[illegible]

BUSINESS CARDS.

G. W. CUMMINGS & CO.,
DEALERS IN
Ship Building Materials,
Have now on hand and for sale,
LOT PINE MASTS FROM CANADA;
SPRUCE SPARS and POLES,
Hacmatac Knees of all sizes and Timber;
HARDWOOD TIMBER.
Also, furnish at short notice,
SHIP PLANK,
PINE & SPRUCE DECK PLANK.
All orders promptly attended to.
—OFFICE—
Head Veazie's Wharf, Washington Street,
mch 22 BANGOR. d&wtf

CANCERS CAN BE CURED.
DR. L. CHASE,
(LATE OF PORTLAND),
THE CELEBRATED
INDIANOPATHY, CANCER & HUMOR
DOCTOR,

HAVING purchased the residence of H. A. Wood, 54 Hammond Street, Bangor, Maine, would be happy to be consulted by all who are afflicted with

Cancers, Cancer Humors, Tumors, Scrofula, Leprosy, Salt Rheum, Fits, Neuralgia, Bronchial Affections, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Sick Headache, Liver Diseases, Female Weaknesses, Piles, Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, Diseases of the Kidneys. Stiff Joints, Gravel, Diabetes, &c. &c.*

DR. CHASE has practiced in his profession for sixteen years, and in that time has spent two years in Florida and Cuba, for the purpose of gaining a correct knowledge of the most efficient remedies used by the various tribes of Indians of that country, and by great expense has gained many valuable secrets which have heretofore been unknown to the world.

In Cancer he claims superiority over all other Physicians of the age, for he never fails to perform a cure when taken in a proper stage.

His mode of curing Cancers is by the application of a plaster, which is strictly vegetable, and will have no effect upon the healthy flesh; and in no case uses a knife, as does Dr. Greene, of Boston.

He also boldly asserts that he can tell every individual their disease and location of their pains, and describe their feelings in almost every case, more minutely than they can possibly themselves.

Dr. Chase is not a Clairvoyant, but conducts his examinations on a strictly scientific principle, and will challenge any professed medium for a test examination.

Office hours from 9 A.M. to 8 P.M. Examinations free. Office at residence No. 54 Hammond Street.
November 7, 1866. d&w

CAMDEN
ANCHOR WORKS
WE are now making ANCHORS of all sizes, and selling at the lowest market rates.
Heavy forging done to order. All work warranted.
H. E. & W. G. ALDEN,
Camden, Sept. 19, 1866. Proprietors.

TO MILL OWNERS.
Hoisting & Canting Machine,
FOR HOISTING LUMBER
Upon Gang Edger Tables.

BY this machine lumber is hoisted upon EDGER TABLES, to be edged, after passing through the Gang Sawers, by water or steam power, thereby saving all the hard lifting labor of edgers, as is well known so arduous in saw mills.

Two men will edge from two to three thousand feet more lumber in a day with, than without, and do it much easier.

Whether sawing large or small lumber, it hoists the largest as well as the smallest sticks quicker than can be done by hand, and with no more effort than to handle one inch boards. In fact the machine hoists the heaviest timber with ease and rapidity, that is surprising and gratifying to see.

A greater labor-saving machine has not been invented in a century, the value of which can never be computed in dollars and cents.

Every one who pays his money for this machine will receive back again its entire cost by its use in one season, and in most cases in one half that time.

They are strong and durable machines, and will stand constant use for years.

Rights for sale by the inventor at Brewer Village, Maine. Further inquiries may be made of
PALMER & JOHNSON,
Exchange Street, Bangor, Me.
JAMES TRACY,
mch 7 tf PATENTEE.

FURNITURE.
G. W. MERRILL,
62, 64 and 66 Main Street,
MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN
Upholstered Furniture of every Description,
FEATHERS, MATTRESSES &c.

OWING to the large additions which I have lately made to my factory in the way of machinery, &c., I am now prepared to produce as good quality of work as the best manufacturers in Massachusetts, and sell as low as the lowest.

Repairing in all its branches done, as usual, by experienced workmen.

All custom work warranted to give satisfaction. Purchasers have only to call and see for themselves to be convinced that I sell as low as any, and lower than *many* dealers in New England.

G. W. MERRILL,
February 2. 3taw 66 Main Street.

Aroostook Railroad!
CLOTHING
—AT—
OLD PRICES.
NEW STOCK
RECEIVED THIS WEEK, AT
GIBBONS' NEW STORE,
EXCHANGE ST.,
Third Door from State Street, Bangor.
CUSTOM WORK MADE TO ORDER
dec 28 HUGH GIBBONS.

CROUP! CROUP!
DR. HOOKER'S
Cough and Croup Syrup,
CURES
CROUP, COUGHS FROM COLDS,
Hoarseness, Catarrhal Coughs,
COUGHS FROM HUMORS AND BRONCHIAL COUGHS, and gives speedy relief in Whooping Coughs, and Asthma, and often cures the latter, and invariably shortens the run of the former.

Children are liable to be attacked with Croup without a moment's warning. It is, therefore, important that every family should have constantly at hand some simple and pleasant, yet efficacious remedy for the cure of this painful and too often fatal disease. Such a remedy is

Dr. Hooker's Cough and Croup Syrup.

For sale by all Druggists.
C. D. LEET, Proprietor, Springfield, Mass.
Demas Barnes & Co., 21 Park Row, New York, will also supply the Trade at List Prices.
apr 3 eowly

NEW CROP
Matanzas Molasses,
VERY NICE QUALITY,
Just received and for sale by
AYER & WEED,
116 and 118 BROAD STREET.
February 11.

Cement.
New Fresh Newark Cement,
[illegible]

Portland Advertisements.

1867. SPRING. 1867.
WOODMAN, TRUE & CO.,
Having this day removed to their spacious warehouse erected upon
THEIR OLD SITE,
Nos. 54 & 56 MIDDLE STREET,
Would respectfully invite the attention of purchasers to their large, new and attractive stock of
DRY GOODS,
WOOLENS AND SMALL WARES.
Agents in Maine for
Gray's Patent Molded Collar.
Also a full assortment of all the leading makes and styles of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Paper Goods, including the
New Linen Finish Collar with Cuffs to match.
Agents for Maine for the
SINGER SEWING MACHINE.
Woodman, True & Co,
Portland March 4, 1867. mch 25 3taw 4m*

DEERING, MILLIKEN & CO.,
JOBBERS OF
Dry Goods & Woolens,
have removed to their new and spacious store
58 & 60 Middle Street, cor. Market Street,
the site occupied by them previous to the fire.
D. M. & Co. are agents for the State of Maine for the *Empire Sewing Machines*
RAY & TAYLOR'S enamelled and cloth imitation paper goods.
Selling agents for Farnsworth Manufacturing Co., Pennesseewassee Mills, Cumberland Mills, Dixfield Mills, Madison Falls Co., and for Dana & McEwan's Banner Mills cotton, Warp Yarns and Net Twines.
Portland, March 27, 1867. 3md*

To Mill Owners and Corporations.
THE PORTLAND COMPANY,
PORTLAND, ME.,
Are prepared to fill all orders at short notice, and on as favorable terms as any other establishment for
Portable and Stationary Engines,
OF ALL SIZES,
FLUE and TUBULAR BOILERS,
TANKS AND HEATERS,
Bleach Boilers for Paper Mills,
MILL GEARING and SHAFTING,
OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.
And all kinds of CASTINGS used in Water Power and Steam Mills.
GEORGE F. MORSE, Supt.
JACOB McLELLAN Treas.
mch 22 6m

TYLER, LAMB & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
BOOTS and SHOES,
AND DEALERS IN
LEATHER & FINDINGS,
HAVE REMOVED TO
37 and 39 UNION STREET,
(Former place of business previous to fire), where with improved facilities for manufacturing, they feel confident that they can make it an object to the trade to favor them with their patronage.
Portland, March 7, 1867. 4w*

Jackson's Catarrh Snuff!
Positive Cure for all Disorders of
Head, Throat, & Vocal Organs.
ACTS LIKE MAGIC! NEVER FAILS. "TRY IT."
ELEGANT TROCHE and SNUFF
COMBINED FOR
COUGHS, CATARRHS, BRONCHITIS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, ASTHMA, BAD BREATH, HEADACHE.
Relieves wretched symptoms of HOPELESS cases. INSTANTLY *soothes* annoying *cough* in church. CURES CATARRH positively *without* SNEEZING! For Singers, &c., *clears* and *strengthens* the voice. CURES *Hoarseness; tastes pleasant; never nauseates.* PREVENTS COLDS from skating, lectures, &c. Sold by Druggists. Mailed *free* for 35 cents.
Address COOPER, WILSON & CO., Fourth and Wharton, Phila.
B. F. BRADBURY, Agent Bangor, Me.
W. W. WHIPPLE, PORTLAND, Wholesale Agent.
dec 17 d3taw & weow 6m*

PLANTS! PLANTS!
THOMAS ALLEN,
At Court Street GREEN HOUSE, near the residence of Hon. N. Woods, has on hand plants of every variety, some of which are in flower and ready for delivery. Newest and rarest varieties have been received from Philadelphia and New York, and will be sold at low prices.
Ladies and others are requested to call and inspect his assortment of PLANTS. The variety is as good as was ever brought to this city. The Green House is but a few minutes walk from the Post Office. mch 11—4w

THE MOST POPULAR
COOKING STOVE

IN NEW ENGLAND.
The Model Cook for Wood or Coal.

THIS STOVE has now been before the public for five years, and thoroughly tested in all respects; and to say that no stove yet made has given equal satisfaction is speaking within the bounds of truth, while it is no disparagement to other Stoves.

THAT THE MODEL COOK will do more work with a given amount of fuel than any other Stove made, is a fixed fact.

THE MODEL COOK will do more work for the reason that it has full one-third more oven room than any other stove. It is more economical for the reason that the fire is made between the ovens. *No heat is lost.*

A more peculiar feature of the *Model Cook* is the addition of a *Ventilating Roasting Oven* so arranged that it can be used separately for roasting, or in connection with the large oven for baking. By this process roasting and baking are entirely separated.

This permanent extension gives an additional boiler hole and other room on the top of the stove, while at the same time the stove occupies no more room on the floor than ordinary stoves.

In fact THE MODEL COOKS are acknowledged by all who have used them to be
THE MOST PERFECT,
THE MOST ECONOMICAL,
THE MOST CONVENIENT,
THE MOST BEAUTIFUL
AND THE
Most Durable Stove in the World!

THE MODEL COOKS are manufactured at the rate of 5000 per year, and the demand for them is constantly increasing.

EVERY MODEL COOK sold is warranted to give entire satisfaction in all respects, or the stove will be taken back and the full price refunded.

This stove is more economical in use in New England than any other ... [illegible]
... mch 18 d&w1m ...

PORTABLE
STEAM ENGINES,
[illegible]

Boston Advertisements.

PAGE, RICHARDSON & CO.,
Bankers and Merchants,
114 STATE STREET,
BOSTON.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE on London, Paris, and the principal continental cities.
TRAVELLERS' CREDITS, for the use of travellers in *Europe* and the *East.*
COMMERCIAL CREDITS, for the purchase of *Merchandise* in *England* and the *Continent.*
All descriptions of MERCHANDISE imported to order.
ADVANCES made on Consignments to *Liverpool* and *London.* mch 13 3md

The Afflicted Will Find
THAT
SMOLANDER'S
EXTRACT BUCHU
IS THE
ONLY SURE REMEDY
FOR
Kidney Diseases, Rheumatic Difficulties, and Disorders arising from Excesses of any kind.
PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.
Sold by all Apothecaries.
F. A. BURLEIGH,
WHOLESALE DRUGGIST, BOSTON.
mch 13 GENERAL AGENT. 3md

South Down Co.'s Patent
SheepWashTobacco
THE BEST KNOWN REMEDY FOR
Ticks, Scab, Vermin and Foot Rot,
should be used by all Farmers on
SHEEP ANIMALS, AND PLANTS.

This pure preparation has been successfully used for years, and never fails to produce the desired effect when used according to directions.

It will not injure the most delicate animal.
It will improve the Quality and Quantity of Wool.
It kills TICKS on Sheep.
It cures SCAB on Sheep.
It cures all SKIN DISEASES on Animals.
It kills all VERMIN that infest Animals, Trees, Plants and Vines.
For FOOT-ROT it is a sure cure, used as a poultice.

ONE POUND of this Extract will make TWELVE GALLONS of Wash, and contains the strength of EIGHT POUNDS of TOBACCO, as prepared by farmers.

Sold by all Druggists and Country and Agricultural Stores.
JAMES F. LEVIN,
23 Central Wharf, Boston, Mass.
KENDALL & WHITNEY, Portland, Me.
N. S. HARLOW, Bangor, Me.
SIMONDS & CO., Fitzwilliam, N. H.
March 4. 3tawd&w4m

To Bee-Keepers.

THE Subscribers would call the attention of Bee-Keepers and others interested, to the new and improved *BEE-HIVE*, patented by SAMUEL TAYLOR, of Burlington, Maine, October 9th, 1866.

The advantages of this Hive over all others, are these:—

1st. Giving access to all the surplus honey in the hive, without killing the bees or destroying a piece of the hive.

2d. Changing all the comb in the hive, once in three years.

3d. Being so constructed that a late or weak swarm not having honey enough to winter them, and another having a surplus of honey, can easily be wintered together, and with perfect safety.

We are now prepared to sell State, County, or Town Rights, on liberal terms to all who may wish to purchase. Also, can furnish a hive for sample, to all purchasing rights of same.

Agents wanted to sell rights.

This Hive can be seen at R. B. DUNNING & CO'S Seed Store.

For further particulars, address SAMUEL TAYLOR or ANDREW WOODMAN, of Burlington, Maine.
S. TAYLOR,
A. WOODMAN.
mch 29 3wd6tw*

GRAIN BAGS,
VERY LOW BY THE BALE
At J. DRESSER & CO.'S, Exchange Street.
apr 3

Paints and Oils.
ALL in want of the best OILS, LEADS, and VARNISHES, at reduced prices, should call immediately upon m7 B. F. BRADBURY.

Greens for Blinds.
THE finest assortment of COLORS of every description, may always be found at
mch 6 B. F. BRADBURY'S.

BROWN & LEIGHTON,
WILL CARRY ON THE
MEAT BUSINESS,
At the Old Stand, Pickering Square,
Where may be found the best assortment of
FRESH and SALTED MEATS,
VEGETABLES,
SOUSED TRIPE,
PIGS FEET, &c., &c,
Which they will sell at the
LOWEST MARKET PRICES.
CALL AND SEE THEM. mch 13 tf

NEW BOOKS.
CRAIK'S LIFE OF SHAKESPEARE; Holiday Chaplet; The Sunday Chaplet, by A. L. O. E.; Life of Jesus, by Edmund Kirke; The Children's Treasury; Nephew Frankie; Old Bright's Aida's Note Book; Tiny's Sunday Night; Our Father's Business, by Dr. Guthrie; a new supply of Recce Dolls. apr 1 Rec'd by E. F. DUREN.

United States Internal Revenue.
COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
FOURTH DISTRICT OF MAINE,
BANGOR, March 27th, 1867.
NOTICE is hereby given that in accordance with instructions from HON. HUGH McCULLOCH, Secretary of the Treasury, I have this day entered upon the discharge of my duties as "Collector of Internal Revenue for the Fourth District of Maine."
JEREMIAH FENNO,
1w Collector.

New Stock Received.
GOLD, Silver, and Metal Cased WATCHES, of the best American and foreign manufacture,
ALSO,
Clocks, Jewelry, Spectacles, Pipes, Cutlery, Musical Instruments, Strings, &c.
DANIEL WHITE,
No. 4 Kenduskeag Bridge.
WATCHES, CLOCKS, & JEWELRY,
Repaired. ... done to order. m15

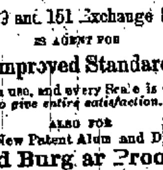
TURNER'S
RHEUMATIC LINIMENT,
Warranted to Cure
DIPTHERIA, Cholera Morbus, Neuralgia, Dys... [illegible]

SEWING ...
[illegible]

New York Advertisements.

THE CENTRAL
Pacific R. R. Co.,
Having Completed, Equipped and put in operation nearly One Hundred Miles of their Road, from Sacramento, California, to within 12 Miles of the summit of the Sierra Nevada Mountains, continue to offer for sale, through us, their
FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS.
Issued in conformity with the Acts of Congress and the laws of the State of California, upon the division of their Road located in the State of California, and extending one hundred and fifty-six miles from Sacramento City to the California State line.
These Bonds have Thirty Years to run from July 1, 1865, and are secured by a
FIRST MORTGAGE,
Constituting an absolute prior lien on the portion of Road above named, with all the Rights, Franchises, Equipments, &c., pertaining thereto.
The amount of these First Mortgage Bonds to be issued per mile is limited by law to the amount of United States Bonds allowed and issued to aid the construction of the Road, and the Mortgage by which they are secured is DECLARED BY ACT OF CONGRESS TO CONSTITUTE A LIEN PRIOR AND SUPERIOR TO THAT OF THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.
Interest at the rate of Six per cent. per Annum, payable Semi-Annually, on the first days of January and July.
Principal and Interest payable in
UNITED STATES GOLD COIN,
in the City of New York.
The price of the Bonds is fixed for the present at 95 per cent., and accrued interest from January 1st in Currency, the Company reserving the right to advance the price whenever it is their interest to do so. The Road forms the Western part of the
MAIN TRUNK
OF THE
Great National Pacific Railroad,
authorized, adopted and aided by
The United States Government.
It runs through the heart of the richest and most populous section of the State of California, connecting the
Extensive Mining Regions of Nevada, Utah and Idaho
With Sacramento and the Pacific Coast, from whence their supplies must be drawn; and the earnings of the portion already running are very heavy, *and largely in excess of the interest upon the Company's Bonds.*
Having been for some time familiar with the operations of the Central Pacific Railroad Company, we are satisfied that they are conducted with ability and prudence, and that the energetic and economical management of the Company's affairs entitles them to the confidence of Capitalists and of the public. We have carefully investigated the progress, resources, and prospects of the Road, and have the fullest confidence in its success, and in the value and stability of the Company's securities. The attention of Trustees of Estates, Institutions, and individuals desiring a long, safe and remunerative investment, is especially invited to these First Mortgage Bonds.
Orders may be forwarded to us direct, or through the principal Banks and Bankers in all parts of the country.
Remittances may be made in drafts on New York, or in Legal Tender Notes, National Bank Notes or other funds current in this city and the Bonds will be forwarded to any address by Express, free of charge. Inquiries for further particulars, by mail or otherwise, will receive punctual attention.
FISK & HATCH,
Bankers & Dealers in Government Securities.
No. 5 Nassau Street, N. Y.
N. B.—All kinds of Government Securities received at the full market price in exchange for the above Bonds. Also,
All descriptions of Government Securities kept constantly on hand and bought, sold, or exchanged.
Gold Coin and U. S. Coupons bought, sold and collected.
Deposits received on liberal terms, subject to check at sight.
Miscellaneous Stocks and Bonds bought and sold at the Stock Exchange on commission for cash.
Special attention given to the Exchange of SEVEN-THIRTY NOTES of all the Series for the New FIVE-TWENTY BONDS of 1865, on the most favorable terms.
March 11 1md&w

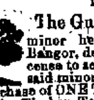
"The Pen is Mightier than the Sword."
THE GOLD PEN,
BEST AND CHEAPEST OF PENS.
MORTON'S
Gold Pens,
The Best Pens in the World.
For sale at his Headquarters, No. 25 MAIDEN LANE, New York, and by every duly-appointed Agent at the same prices.
A Catalogue, with full description of Sizes and Prices, sent on receipt of letter postage.
A. MORTON.
jan 1 d&w6m

SCALES & SAFES.

MICHAEL SCHWARTZ,
Nos. 133 and 151 Exchange Street,
IS AGENT FOR
Howe's Improved Standard Scales,
The best in use, and every Scale is *warranted to give entire satisfaction.*
ALSO FOR
Marvin's New Patent Alum and Dry Plaster
Fire and Burglar Proof Safes.
Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
mch 2

A LARGE STOCK
—OF—
Teas, Flour,
Coffees, Pork,
Sugars, Lard,
Tobaccos,
DRY AND GREEN APPLES,
Pickles by the Barrel or Gallon,
Gherkins in gallon or half gallon jars,
A large variety of Soaps, and
PURE SPICES OF ALL KINDS
ALSO,
Citron, Sultana and Layer Raisins,
Maccaroni, Tapioca, Sago, Maizena, Farina and Corn Starch
Bed Cords, Clothes Lines, Wrapping Paper and Twine, Wooden Ware of all kinds,
Brooms, Pails, Tubs,
Ball Baskets and Boxes,
Molasses Buckets, Sieves, Measures,
Wash Boards, Mop Handles,
Clothes Pins and Baskets,
AT WHOLESALE & RETAIL,
BY
NORTON & FARRINGTON.
All goods delivered free of charge.
January 8.

NEW
SPRING GOODS
...
STORE & DAGGETT
WILL OPEN
New Spring Goods,
[illegible]

REAL ESTATE.

Valuable Timber Lands for Sale.

The Guardian of S. F. FARRAR, minor heir of Isaac Farrar, late of Bangor, deceased, having obtained license to sell at private sale the lands of said minor, will receive proposals for the purchase of ONE THIRD part undivided of the Valuable Timber Townships, or either of them, formerly owned by said Isaac Farrar, (reserving the right to reject any unsatisfactory proposals) viz:
No 11, 10th Range, W. of E. line of State,
No. 11, 11th " " " "
No. 11, 12th " " " "
Also, ONE SIXTH part of
No. 12, 9th Range, W. of E. line of State,
No. 17, 14th "
Proposals will state the price offered per acre, and terms of payment, (whether *cash*, or one third cash and balance in two equal annual payments with interest annually, fully secured.) Such proposals will be received until the *first day of May* next, and will be regarded as strictly *confidential*.
The remaining two thirds (of Nos. 11), and two sixths (of Nos. 12 and 17) will be sold upon the same terms, if desired, as said minor's interest, and persons offering to purchase, are requested to state whether they wish to buy the remaining interests.
Address BENJ. A. G. FULLER,
apr 6 3tawtMay1 Boston, Mass.

A LOT OF GOOD LAND
FOR FARMING,
Is offered for sale on the Stillwater Avenue, about two miles out. 22 acres of the land lies on the North side of the Avenue, and rises with a gentle ascent Northerly. This part of the land is peculiarly favorable for an Orchard, having a Southerly descent, and will be warranted good for that use. This lot was selected from several hundred acres for special use, and has a spring of water on the upper side of the road. I have known of no land offered for sale within double the distance from Broadway. The land on either side can be sold separately or sold all together.
There will be about fifty-three acres for sale.
Please call at No. 125 Centre street for further information.

ABOUT 4000 ACRES
CHOICEST QUALITY OF
PINE LANDS,
FOR $1.65c. PER ACRE, (one dollar and sixty-five cents per acre) if applied for soon.
J. FOBY, care S. L. SHELDON & BRO.,
mch 12 4w* Madison, Wisconsin.

FOR SALE,
A Good Residence in Carmel Village.
The Subscriber offers for sale his residence, together with about six acres of land, with store on it, all adjoining. The house is newly finished throughout, with good stable, and a fine garden with excellent fruit trees. Also,
A Good Pasture & Wood Lot
will be sold with the above property if desired,
J. D. WARREN.
Carmel, April 6th, 1867. d&w3w*

VALUABLE TIMBER LAND FOR SALE.
The undersigned would like to sell the following described parcels or tracts of land, and he gives this notice that parties wishing to buy may avail themselves of the favorable month of March in which to make explorations, viz:—

PISCATAQUIS COUNTY.

One undivided fourth part of two College Townships. Public lots in the same,	2000 acres
Gore in Township above and adjoining,	3473 acres.
Half of East half Township	No. 3, R. 12
East half Township	No. 4, R. 12
Half of S. W. Qr., undivided,	No. 5, R. 10
Half of N. W. Qr., "	No. 5, R. 10
¾ of Township "	No. 6, R. 10
¾ of Township "	No. 7, R. 10
Whole Township "	No. 6, R. 11
N. W. Qr. Township "	No. 7, R. 9
½ Township	No. 9, R. 11
½ Township	No. 9, R. 12
½ Township	No. 9, R. 13

PENOBSCOT COUNTY.

North half Township undivided,	No. 1, R. 6
4500 acres in Town of Winn,	
10,000 acres in	No. 3, R. 6
6514 acres in Town of Edinburg.	
600 acres in Town of Patten.	
5760 acres in S. E. Qr. Township	No. 8, R. 7
6318 acres in Kennebec County.	

All the foregoing described lands are well worth the attention of purchasers. They are worth twice as much in the hands of twenty persons, as they are to the subscriber, upon the same principle that one thousand acres of land can with much more profit be cultivated by ten than by one man. The undersigned wishes to avoid the trouble incident to operating or permitting said lands.
By calling on Hon. JOHN A. PETERS prices will be given at which these lands will be sold.
RUFUS DWINEL.
Bangor, March 15, 1867.

SALE OF TIMBER LANDS,
FOR BATES COLLEGE.
LAND OFFICE, BANGOR, March 7th, 1867.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, in pursuance of "Resolve to carry into effect chapter two hundred eighty-four of the resolves of eighteen hundred sixty-four in favor of Bates College," approved February 28th, 1867, that Townships numbered 8, Range 17, and 10 Range 17, W. E. L. S., situated upon the Upper Saint John River, excepting the South East quarter of the last named township, will be offered for sale by public auction for the benefit of said College, at the Land Office in Bangor, on Wednesday the 11th day of September next, at 12 o'clock noon.
One third cash, and satisfactory notes payable in one and two years, secured by mortgage on the premises, will be received in payment.
ISAAC R. CLARK,
mch 9 ts Land Agent.

FACTORY PROPERTY FOR SALE OR RENT.
A most substantial new building 114 by 41 feet, situated in Sangerville Village, finished in the best manner throughout for a Woolen Factory,—with driving wheel in, and one main line of shafting ready to be put up. Dye House 36 by 24 feet, furnished with large tubular boiler, together with water privilege, dams and flues complete.
The above property is exempt from taxation for six years, and is offered for sale or rent on terms which will be made entirely satisfactory to any party who will put in machinery and carry on the Woolen Manufacturing business.
For further particulars apply to
COL. WILLIAM OAKES,
Sangerville Me.
October 29th, 1866. dtf

European & North American Railway Company.
STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.
The Stockholders of the European & North American Railway Company, are hereby notified to meet at the office of said Company, in Bangor, on TUESDAY the thirtieth day of April next, at nine of the clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of considering and deciding what action the Company will take in relation to an Act entitled "An Act to extend the Charter of the Bangor and Piscataquis Railroad Company," and also an act to authorise the City of Bangor to aid the construction of a railroad into Piscataquis County, passed at the last session of the Legislature of this State; and to act upon any other matters that may properly come before the meeting.
By order of the Directors.
NOAH WOODS, Clerk.
Bangor, March 27, 1867. april 2w. (Times)

HOUSE, SHIP,
CARRIAGE AND ORNAMENTAL
PAINTS.
A LARGE AND COMPLETE STOCK,
AT THE LOWEST PRICES.
BLOOD & ROWE,
Feb 22 121 Exchange Street.

CARRIAGE WORK
PLATED TO ORDER, &c.
mch 22 1m W. H. & G. O. SAWTELLE.

Groceries & Provisions
CIDER VINEGAR,
PICKLES,
SPICES,
CLOTHES PINS,
SUGAR,
TEA,
COFFEE,
SOAPS OF ALL KINDS,
SALERATUS, &c., &c.
Wholesale and retail as Cheap as the cheapest.
may 9 JOHN S. KIMBALL & SON

POTASH
OF THE BEST QUALITY.
Concentrated Lye,
WHITE SODA SOAP,
FOR SALE LOW BY
J. P. Patten & Co.,
mch ... No. 1 & 2 ... Block, Bangor.
[illegible]

Whig & Courier.

Daily Established 1834. - - - Weekly 1815.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

For one square (amount of 15 lines this type,) one insertion,	$1 00
For one square, three times in the Daily,	1 50
For one square, one week,	2 00
each week's continuance,	75
For half-square, one time,	75
For half-square, three times,	1 00
For half-square, one week,	1 25
each week's continuance,	40
For one square, in Weekly, three times,	1 50
each week's continuance,	25

SPECIAL NOTICES.
$2,50 per square for first week—$1,00 per square for continuance.
DOUBLE COLUMN ADVERTISEMENTS, inserted at the rate of "Special Notices."
Advertisements continued *three times a week* at two-thirds price; *two times a week*, one half price; *one time a week* one-third price.
Advertisements, where the time of insertion is not specially designated, will be continued until otherwise ordered.
All Transient Advertising must be paid for in advance.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Despatches to the Evening Times.

From the Plains—Indian War Imminent—

MEMPHIS, Tenn., April 10.

A radical county convention was held here today to appoint delegates to the District Congressional Convention. It was about equally composed of blacks and whites. A negro was chosen Vice President. The meeting was harmonious.

Cotton dull and nominally quoted at 26 a 26½.

WASHINGTON, April 10.

The friends of Hon. Thaddeus Stevens wish it stated that he has not been so ill as has been represented, but has been able to see his friends and transact business every day. His health has been feeble but is now well.

PORTLAND, April 10.

It is reported that a fire in Freeport Village last night destroyed nearly half the village. Loss $20 000. No particulars yet, as there is no station there.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., April 11.

An extensive mill recently erected in his vicinity by the Pennsylvania marble company for sawing block marble, was entirely destroyed by fire this morning. Loss heavy.

NEW YORK, April 11.

It is the opinion of some of the ablest lawyers that the Senate should not adjourn under the provisions of the civil tenure bill until all vacancies have been filled by Presidential appointment and Senatorial confirmation. In some cases the Senate have rejected as many as three nominations for the same office.

WASHINGTON, April 11.

The treaty price for Russian American is $7,200,000 and not $10,000,000 as telegraphed last night.

NEW YORK, April 11.

The steamship Mercedita, from Puerto Cabello and St. Thomas, has arrived. She left at the latter port, the ship Cathedral, for Boston, repairing. The bark Wa... man would take part of her cargo.

The steamship Moro Castle, which arrived today from Havana 6th, brings the following intelligence—

The British steamer Salent arrived at Havana on the 5th from Vera Cruz 2d. She sailed from Havana a few days before but was obliged to return with her cargo which could not be landed at Vera Cruz as the Liberals were bombarding the city.

The Imperialists at Vera Cruz were generally arming themselves.

Gen. Zaboda was in command. The siege was closely maintained. Water had been cut off, and the last bullock in the city killed on the 31st of March.

ST. LOUIS, April 11.

The Democrat's correspondent with Gen. Hancock's Indian expedition writing from Fort Harker on the 2d inst., says a council was held at Fort Dodge on the 24th ult, between Major Dodge and several of the chiefs of Kiowas. The latter professed much friendship for the whites and desired to be at peace with them and stated that the Black feet, Sioux, Cheyennes, Arapahoes and Camanches are determined on war and will have it.

The Kiowas also spoke about several northern tribes banding together for war making overtures to southern tribes to join them, and predicted that the whites would have their hands full before long.—Indications all favor a grand Indian confederation and bloody war.

NEW YORK, April 11.

The Post says—

It is reported that the President will to-day nominate Gen. Rosecrans Minister to Austria.

DANGER OF YELLOW FEVER. A letter received at the Navy Department in Washington, from the surgeon of a United States vessel stationed near Panama, confirms the statement made some days ago in the Sun as to the alarming prevalence of yellow fever at Panama. The fearful disease was epidemic at that place, and there was no prospect of its abatement. This is very unfortunate news for the citizens of New York, and it certainly appears strange that with the knowledge of the fact which the Pacific Mail Company must possess, they should not have preferred the interests of the public to their own by giving the alarm at the earliest moment. The Sun was the first journal in this city to warn the public of this danger, which proves to be even greater than was at first supposed. The constant passenger traffic by way of Panama exposes our city to especial peril from this terrible and fatal disease, and we hope the quarantine authorities will use the utmost precautions as to infected vessels arriving at this port lest we may have a repetition of the evil that caused so much consternation and so many deaths forty-five years ago.—[N. Y. Sun.

The Sultan threatens war upon Greece for the continued disturbances on the Turkish frontier.

LAYING UP CAPITAL. A Philadelphia paper has caught the Franklin fever as to the importance of laying up something for a wet day. This is praiseworthy. As long as a man has nothing he is in bondage to two masters—to one for the roof that shelters the heads of his family, and to another for the labor that brings them bread and pays rent. Economy is the only way out of this bondage. That economy must begin with the first entrance upon active life, and with most people the "start" must be secured before the expense of a family is incurred. It is accurately cyphered out that $500 saved each year, and placed securely at legal compound interest, will yield $18,000 in twenty years. It is also found that one dollar deposited each week in a savings bank paying five per cent., the interest calculated weekly, will yield $2,548 64 in twenty-five years; and $10 a week, saved in the same way, will yield $25,486 20. Ten dollars a week would yield in—

Five years,	$2,944 90
Ten years,	6,708 40
Fifteen years,	11,509 80
Twenty years,	17,622 50

Chances frequently occur for purchasing real estate to such advantage as to double the cost in a very few years; and when one has some money in bank thus saved, he can profit by such operations. But without a dollar he must drive away at such wages as he can get; and when sick—what then—and when he prematurely dies, leaving wife and orphans, what for them? The way out of servitude is to pursue a systematic course of economy. If the working classes would thus save capital, there would be so much less for the enrichment of the few; and our heavy men would be less powerful. Thrifty ... [illegible] ... the masses.

Items in General

—At Hartwellville, Vt., one evening last week, Thomas Cannedy and his newly married wife were serenaded after a rude fashion, whereupon Cannedy's father threw sticks of wood at the party from the window, and one of them hit a Mrs. Hosley upon the head, inflicting a wound which will probably prove fatal. The father and son have been arrested.

—The French vineyards do not average more than two and a half acres in size and produce about 250 gallons of wine to the acre. Some of the best vineyards are worth $6000 an acre. Notwithstanding the uncertainty of the crop of late years the owners expect to average a profit of $750 per acre.

—A little animal known as the clay-fish, eats through the levees on the Mississippi, and causes the crevasses which are now so prevalent. The worst of it is that the ravages of the clay-fish cannot be detected until it is too late to repair the damages he has done.

—At one of the banks in Boston, on the 1st inst., a stockholder received thirty-one dividends on two shares of stock, which he has held since 1852. He has been out of the country most of the time.

—Greeley says there are 100,000 people in New York to-day who, if they had been placed in the garden of Eden where Adam was, would have soon starved to death there for the want of some one to pluck the fruit and put it in their mouth.

—The late Captain-General of Cuba, Gen. Dulce, opposed the slave trade, and the importation of slaves to that island, almost entirely ceased during his administration.—His successor holds different views, and six cargoes have lately been landed on the ever faithful isle.

—A teacher in a public school once gave a sentence to be written and properly punctuated. The boy gave the following as the result of his effort: The quality of mercy says, "Shakspeare is not strained."

—Messrs. Pettingill and others, who have bought the Derby wharf in Salem, paid $6000 for the property which is 1,880 feet long and 70 feet wide, and probably cost nearly $500,000. They will embark extensively in the fishing business.

—It was said, in the olden times, that the body was more than raiment; but now the raiment is great deal more than the body in value, and full five times as much in circumference.

—Ipswich is exceedingly busy now from her manufactures which have been increased within a year or two. The population has outgrown the tenements, and forty houses are needed for their accommodation to-day.

—New Bedford has just started a glass factory that will employ 100 hands. The glass manufacture is always good, for in good times or bad, every day sees the destruction of glass ware.

—Cotton to the value of more than ninety millions of dollars has been exported the past year—double the amount supposed to have been grown that year.

—The eastern Railroad Co. are building four more of the splendid monitor cars which will be on the route in June. Their new bridge at Newburyport will be completed by the first of July.

—A lawyer's clerk, hearing it stated by a lecturer that "man is merely a machine," remarked, "then I suppose an attorney may be said to be a suing machine."

—The chief engineer of Portland states the number of buildings destroyed in the great fire to be 1600, the loss nine millions, and the insurance three and a half millions.

—Within twenty-four hours of the destruction of the Lindell House, in St. Louis, the citizens of St Louis had pledged a million of dollars to rebuild it.

—Some of the Connecticut papers are calling upon the Legislature to change the time of the State election from April to November. As it is now, there are two general elections every fourth year.

—The losses of American shipping in March amounted to $2,629,000; for the three first months of 1867, to $8,652,500, against $10,474,000 for the same period in 1866.

—Russia is said to stand ahead of all nations, except France, in promptness with her contributions to the Great Exhibitions.

—The receipts for licenses to sell liquor in New York city during the year ending March 30 foot up $1,288,854.66.

—A Mississippi paper says "The Revolt in Heaven is a grand affair; go and see it."—Of course the rebels will go.

—Seventy firms in St. Louis did a business of $500,000 each and upwards, in 1866.

—The Mormons of Utah are buying woolen machinery at the East.

Dubuque has one good firm at least. Its "Daily Herald" is published by Ham and Carver.

—Three New York milkmen have been fined for watering their milk. Wonderful fact.

—A drover in Cold Spring, N. Y., was robbed of $7000 by highwaymen, Tuesday night.

—A merchant at Saginaw, Mich., said the other day 10,000,000 feet of lumber to Toledo and Cleveland buyers.

—Chicago claims to have done a wholesale business of $550,000,000 in 1866.

—They talk of building 8000 houses this year in Chicago.

Omaha, Nebraska, as the eastern terminus of the Union Pacific Railroad, is fast looming up into importance. In 1853 it was the site of an Indian village; in 1857 it had a population of 3,500; it now has a population of 10,000. It is situated about midway between New York and San Francisco, 2,000 miles from each. Since October, 1865, the railroad company have constructed and are running 335 miles of road, westerly, and have aided the Chicago and Northwestern Company in building, since April last, 130 miles, a feat of railroading altogether unparalleled. They have also a contract for a bridge over the Missouri River to connect Omaha with Council Bluffs, and reasonably expect by July next to have their road in complete running order to the foot of the Rocky Mountains, more than half the distance to San Francisco.

Jefferson Davis rejoices, it seems, over the Connecticut election, because to him it "appears to be the turning point in the political struggle, and will have a great effect on the political balance of power, and on succeeding elections." In almost these very words he bade the rebel armies take new hope from the Democratic victories in 1862.

NewspaperARCHIVE.com

Whig & Courier.

WHEELER & LYNDE, PROPRIETORS

WM. H. WHEELER, EDITOR

Business letters should be addressed to the Publishers, "WHEELER & LYNDE."

FRIDAY, APRIL 12, 1867.

THE COLORED VOTE In reply to some expressed fears that the freedmen of the South may be cajoled and blarneyed into voting against the Republican party of freedom, it is believed that the fears are groundless, as the negroes are more intelligent and shrewd than is generally supposed, and if the Republicans of the North are ready to do the race justice in the North, there will be no trouble about the greater part of the colored vote South The Boston Advertiser in speaking of this matter, says

"We believe that if our friends would take the pains to state their fears distinctly in words, they would find them evaporating in the very act of giving them utterance — Are we afraid that the negroes will vote with their masters to reduce themselves back into slavery?—to deprive themselves of the right of giving testimony or holding land? —to forbid the establishment of schools, or the freedom of religious assemblies?"

To divide the colored vote of the South is now the great object of the late rebel politicians In fact, they are sanguine enough to believe that they can carry the larger part of it by exercising the controlling influence of the employer over the employed But we think they will find themselves greatly mistaken in this, for the colored men are generally intelligent enough to know their own true interests and to perceive which party as a whole stands by the principle of universal freedom and which would, if possible, restore slavery

The experiment (as the Tribune says) will be first made in Tennessee, which holds an election for Governor and Congressmen August 1 The Franchise law passed at the late session of the Republican Legislature gave the right of voting to the colored men, and deprived of it those persons who had fought in the Rebel armies In 1865 the total vote in the State for members of Congress was 6,783, of which 39,509 illegal votes were thrown out The rigid exclusion of rebels by the present electoral laws should secure a Republican majority of white voters, and the only hope of the Democratic party is in the 50,000 colored voters the State is supposed to contain The hope is a poor one, but the most is made of it The Democrats thus estimate its division Radical negro vote, 28,000, Conservative negro vote, 22,000, and claiming a Conservative white majority of 15,000, announce that they can carry the State by 6,000 majority On the other hand, the Radicals affirm that all the efforts of the Democrats will not obtain more than one third of the colored vote As no general election has been held in Tennessee since 1865, and new issues have since arisen there is no basis for more exact calculation The Democrats expect to get their negro votes from the country, where the farm hands are employed by disfranchised planters, and are "removed from the influence of itinerant Yankees They are already begging votes of the men whom not three months ago they declared unfit to be citizens

MATTERS AT THE SOUTH Extract of a private letter dated—

Office Savannah Republican, Savannah, March 28

I hasten to avail myself of the earliest opportunity to acknowledge the receipt of your favor of the 20th inst I should have answered it sooner but for the fact that I have been so very much shackled by duty In the first place allow me to say that everything is very dull here—business is to a great extent stagnant—the river being as lifeless as the town This result is owing to an uncertain public feeling regarding the Military Bill—especially *the manner* in which its provisions will be carried out. I see by the telegraphic despatches this morning, that in New Orleans the military authorities under that Bill have removed the mayor and several other municipal officers, and placed men of the *right stamp* in their places This fact is very significant, and is a foretaste of what may be expected in the other States covered by Sherman's Bill

But so far as the people of this city are concerned, I do not hesitate to say without fear of contradiction, that they are *utterly hopeless* —apparently seeing no alternative but unqualified submission to the demands and orders of the Radicals Sherman's Bill was the final blow to any hopes they had cherished in regard to representation I am getting bolder every day, personally—admit myself to be a Yankee, and to some extent a Radical Having had as tough a time as I have—been shot at—had four pistols drawn on me—two knives flourished at me—been knocked down and covered with blood—mobbed once—my life threatened three times—drawing my own revolver twice, and saved myself by so doing—I certainly am prepared to speak rationally regarding the growth of public sentiment towards Northern men Every day shows a decidedly more favorable feeling towards them

Mr Hayes is still in jail, and will rot there before he will pay one dollar of the fine imposed upon him I have heard Southern men say that in his remarks about Mr Cohen, he did no so far transgress as not to speak the truth,—in short, that Mr H was not guilty of libel, and that the trial was not only a farce but an unjust act of spite towards a "Yankee." Mr. H is constantly visited by numbers of sympathizing Northern, and many Southern friends—the latter admiring his pluck

The Republican is getting along rapidly, I am glad to say, and is admitted by every one to be the best paper here

A banquet was given last evening by the Mayor and Aldermen, to the officers of the U S steamer Memphis, which recently arrived in our port with 7000 bushels of corn and a quantity of clothing for the destitute people in the interior of the State It was an affair which will go far to show the government that Savannah knows how to act courteously towards those whose errand is one outside of politics, and made that of humanity and mercy

FROM LIBERIA. A recent arrival from Liberia brings intelligence that the prospects of the farmers there was very discouraging, but that trade was dull along the coast ... the palm oil season had not commenced, and sugar and coffee had not ... [illegible] Rev Edward J Roye, ... new Chief Justice of the ... Court of Liberia ... [illegible]

A correspondent of one of the New York papers, writing from Paris, advises Americans who intend visiting the Great Exposition thereto to acquire some knowledge of the French language It would, he says, at all events, save them from making the mistake of a shoddy family not long since, who, on their arrival, were advised to dine at a restaurant. On looking over the bill of fare, they found that it was all in French, of which they were entirely ignorant, and thought, therefore, that the safest way would be to take things as they came in their order on the list. They soon became tired, however, of eating only soup, of which there were various kinds, and in order to make a diversion, in which they succeeded perfectly, ordered the last thing on the list, which happened to be tooth picks

THE FREEDMEN. The reports of the Freedmen's Bureau show that labor, in Mississippi, was in good demand, in January, and that better wages were offered than were given last year In Georgia, there were 145 schools in operation, with 145 teachers and 8847 pupils. In Tennessee, the destitution in February was but slight. Five thousand nine hundred and fifty six rations were issued during the month, or the relief of five hundred and forty four freedmen.

As to the treatment of the freedmen by the magistrates and officers of the law, reports vary with localities In some local ties they are reported to receive full justice while in others, inferior magistrates especially, are too much governed by old prejudices Offences committed by freedmen are promptly attended to, while those against them are slowly redressed

THE NEW YORK CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION The election of delegates to a Convention to revise the Constitution of the State of New York occurs in about ten days This Convention is one which is provided for periodically by the Constitution itself, and is for the purpose of considering any and all amendments which may be proposed—the people to vote afterwards, we believe, upon the ratification of those which the Convention may submit. The question of unrestricted suffrage of colored citizens will be a prominent one at the present Convention, and it is unnecessary to say that nineteen twentieths, at least of the Republican party are in favor of the fullest freedom

HOW THE LINDELL HOUSE WAS BURNED The origin of the fire as reported by one the chambermaids is as follows She occupied a small room on the highest floor, and at about nine o'clock entered it, turned on the gas to light it, and ignited a match, but the match went out She then left the gas flowing and searched in another room for matches, but was delayed somewhat, returned and again struck a match to light the burner, when a flash of fire instantly filled the room, and she fled in terror down stairs

"Perley" telegraphs as follows relative to the case of Senator Saulsbury

Assurances having been given that Mr Saulsbury will not appear in the Senate again at this session, the resolution offered by Mr Sumner for his expulsion will not be taken up unless he should disgrace the Senate Should it be called up it will certainly be passed almost unanimously, as on the day when it has offered, when the Senate had gone into executive session, Saulsbury approached Mr Sumner in a threatening manner, and declared that he should have satisfaction from him Senator Wilson and Captain Bassett, the door keeper, immediately seized Mr Saulsbury and led him into the coat room, where he was persuaded to lie down upon and go to sleep This rash graceful conduct convinced even those who have sought to excuse Saulsbury that he should not participate in the deliberations of the Senate, and nothing but regard for his estimable wife and children prevented his expulsion yesterday'

It is stated that several thousand small stills have been manufactured in Cincinnati, Ohio, within the past year, and shipped South They are of capacity to turn out from one to three barrels per day, and are operated in rural districts The tax on a barrel of distilled spirits is about one hundred dollars Therefore, the manufacture and sale of even one barrel of untaxed whiskey a day is a business that has money in it [Bulletin

Southern people are said to be starving, and yet it appears that there is grain enough with which to, manufacture "untaxed whiskey"

The Connecticut Republicans are already talking about the next campaign, and Ubas Parker, of Meriden is suggested as a good candidate for Governor The first thing they ought to do is to organize their party, so as to know its strength and when they have done that it will be time enough to talk about candidates An effective organization will secure them a pure victory next year, as it would have done this year Above all let them stand squarely on the basis of equality of rights

THE RECONSTRUCTION INJUNCTION A Washington despatch says the belief is rapidly gaining ground that the Supreme Court will reject the petition in the Mississippi test case without much deliberation, on the ground of a lack of original jurisdiction. Should it be otherwise, however, it will be rapidly followed by several other States, including Virginia, Georgia Florida and Texas.

The English section of the Paris Exhibition has a curious and valuable instrument called the "silent teacher," an instrument enabling anybody to talk with the deaf and dumb A hand telegraph, by which any person unacquainted with the deaf and dumb alphabet can communicate with a deaf mute. The Austrians have a building in which to illustrate a system of curing insanity by amusement.

A soap advertiser says King Ahasuerus with all his wealth of mighty kingdoms, could not have given his beloved Esther, wherewith to wash her hands, an article of soap comparable with what the poorest woman may have with us, who can purchase a pound of the Steam Refined

Southern rebel papers ridicule and abuse the North Carolina Republican Convention. One calls the members "Holden miscegenationists," and another sneers at the sight "of colored men in caucus with those who a few years ago owned them." They will be glad to forget all this in a year or two

A despatch from Pensacola, Florida, dated April 2, says that the charter election held on that day, resulted in the choice of the "Southern" candidate, by 111 majority. The negroes participated in the election.

Mayor Monroe, of New Orleans has been removed from his office five different times ... [illegible]

POLITICAL. By the amendment to the Ohio Constitution as finally passed, deserters and draft sneaks are prohibited from voting for or against its ratification.

It is stated that in the recent election at St Paul, Minnesota, there were fraudulent importations of illegal voters amounting, in the aggregate, to over five hundred This accounts for a similar increase of the Democratic majority

John O. Pettebone, eighty years of age, a graduate of Yale in 1804, is a member elect of the Connecticut House of Representatives He was a member forty years ago

The Atlantic Mutual Insurance Company of New York paid for losses last year four millions eight hundred and sixty-five thousand dollars

The Cincinnati Gas Company, has reduced the price of gas to $2,50 per 1000 feet exclusive of government tax

A three thousand dollar span of horses ruined themselves by running away in Providence, recently, and had to be killed.

[By Cable to Associated Press]

London, April 10th—Evening. A large quantity of United States bonds has been thrown on the market here from Germany, which is the cause of the downward tendency in prices

SPECIAL NOTICES.

St. Andrews' Lodge.

FRIDAY EVENING, April 12.

There will be a Stated meeting of St Andrews' Lodge No 83 F & A M, at Masonic Hall, FRIDAY EVENING, at 7 o'clock.

Second Baptist Church,

Columbia Street, will lease their Pews this (FRIDAY) evening apr 12

The Old Established

Boot and Shoe store of T E. MOSELEY & CO Summer Street Boston, continues to make to order the best class of Goods for Ladies' Gentlemen's and Children's wear, apr 12

GETCHELL'S Main Street Academy.

Classes in Dancing for Juveniles, will commence SATURDAY, April 13, at 2 o'clock, P M G H. GETCHELL. apr 1. snlw

Mrs. Georgia Pearson Bugbee

OFFERS FOR SALE HER

PIANO.

It was selected for her by the manufacturers and for quality of tone power and action, it has no superior in this city apr 1 snl0t

MRS. S A ALLEN'S

Improved

HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING

Combined in one Bottle

REDUCED PRICE, $1 00 PER BOTTLE

apr 11 Sold by all Druggists. snlm

For Coughs, Colds and Consumption,

Try the old and well known

VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM.

approved and used by our *oldest and most celebrated physicians* for forty years past Get the genuine REED CUTLER & CO., Druggists, Boston, Proprietors Jan 1 snd&wfm

Georgia Pearson Bugbee,

PIANO FORTE and MELODEON TEACHER,

69 *Hammond Street, nearly opposite the Church.*

N B All pupils receive instruction in reading and writing music under the celebrated CHEVE system which is a great assistant to rapid progress on the instruments feb 28—sn

PLAISTED & CLARK,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

AND

SOLICITORS IN BANKRUPTCY,

apr 10 BANGOR, MAINE. sn2w

WE WILL FURNISH

BETTER SIGNS!

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

AS CHEAP!

as can be obtained at any other shop in Bangor. Call and prove this

MARSTON & SON,

apr10 3taw 12 *EXCHANGE STREET*

SHIP BUILDERS' CONVENTION The corporators of the Maine Shipbuilders and Ship-owners' Association held a meeting two weeks ago at the Merchants' Exchange, Portland, for the purpose of taking measures to effect an organization

The meeting was called to order by Mr Mudgett of Stockton, and Hon Nathan G Hichborn of Stockton, was appointed Chairman, and Mr N Rich of Portland, Secretary

It was voted that when the meeting adjourn, it be to meet at the Merchants' Exchange in Portland, on Tuesday, the 16th day of April next, for permanent organization, and for the transaction of such other business as may then properly come before the meeting Per Order

An Effectual Worm Medicine

BROWN'S VERMIFUGE COMFITS,

OR WORM LOZENGES. Much sickness, undoubtedly, with children and adults, attributed to other causes, is occasioned by worms. The 'VERMIFUGE COMFITS' although effectual in destroying worms, can do no possible injury to the most delicate child — This valuable combination has been successfully used by physicians, and found to be safe and sure in eradicating worms, so hurtful to children

CHILDREN HAVING WORMS require immediate attention, as neglect of the trouble often causes prolonged sickness.

SYMPTOMS OF WORMS IN CHILDREN are often overlooked Worms in the stomach and bowels cause irritation, which can be removed only by the use of a sure remedy. The combination of ingredients used in making *Brown's Vermifuge Comfits* is such as to give the best possible effect with safety

CURTIS & BROWN Proprietors, New York.—Sold by all Dealers in Medicines, at 25 cts a box. may 21—sn—d&wly

Slowly, Steadily, Successfully,

SMOLANDER'S

EXTRACT BUCHU

IS CURING

Every case of KIDNEY DISEASE, RHEUMATISM, GRAVEL, URINARY DISORDERS and PAINS in the BACK, FEMALE COMPLAINTS and TROUBLES arising from EXCESSES of ANY KIND.

TRY SMOLANDER'S.

Take No Other Buchu

Sold in Bangor by W. L. ALDEN & CO, and F S. HARLOW, and by Apothecaries generally.

Price $1.

BURLEIGH & ROGERS, Wholesale Druggists Boston, Mass General Agents

W. W. WHIPPLE, Portland, Agent for Maine.

mch 7 sn d&wly

Tickets from Bangor,

TO ALL POINTS

WEST AND SOUTH!

VIA

New York Central, New York and Erie,

Pennsylvania Cent'l Railways

for sale at the Union Ticket Office, No. 3 Central Street. P. M. BLAKE, Agent.

Warren's Balsam!

Warren's Balsam!

[illegible] *Warren's Balsam.*

EVERY FAMILY SHOULD HAVE IT. [illegible]

RAIL ROAD MASS MEETING!

The citizens of Winterport and Frankfort, and all others interested, are invited to meet at Clark's Hall, Winterport, on SATURDAY, April 13th at 2 o'clock P M, to confer upon the subject of a Rail Road from Bangor to Winterport, and to take measures to provide for an early working survey of the route of said road

Speakers from Bangor, Hampden and Winterport, will address the meeting,

Per order of Directors

Winterport, April 5th, 1867 apr 6 tm

Imperfect Eye-Sight Restored

BANGOR, April 4, 1867.

I take this method to express my gratitude to Dr. J. M. Jennings, for the successful treatment of one of my son's eyes. About one year ago one of his eyes was pierced with an arrow, and from its effect produced an internal cataract which had nearly destroyed its sight, so much so that he could scarcely discover any object with it. I had nearly or quite given up all hopes of its ever being restored — Learning that the Dr was stopping at the Bangor House, I called upon him with my son, and he examined the eye and said he could not give me much of any encouragement, but in certain conditions would make a trial It is but one week today since I placed him under his treatment, and am happy to say that he has succeeded in restoring his sight beyond all my expectations, as the eye was very weak before It is now gaining strength every day, with a fair prospect of permanent help The treatment is simple and harmless but effectual I would earnestly recommend all afflicted with diseases of the eye in any form, to employ him without fail.

J PAGE, (Father)

apr 6 snlw E. J. PAGE, (Son)

CHORAL FESTIVAL.

A CHORAL FESTIVAL will be held at Norombega Hall Bangor, commencing on TUESDAY April 23d at 9 A M, and continuing *four days* Singers and Musical people from all parts of the State are invited.

The daily sessions will be devoted to the practice of Choruses from the Oratorio of The Messiah," and Rossini's Stabat Mater"

The following talent has been engaged for the Festival —

SOLOISTS,

Miss J. E. Houston,	Soprano	of Boston
Mrs J. S. Cary,	Contralto,	"
Mr James Whitney,	Tenore,	"
Mr M W Whitney,	Basso,	"

ORCHESTRA

THE MENDELSSOHN QUINTETTE CLUB, of Boston. with assistance of

MR. A STEIN, Double Bass

THREE CONCERTS WILL BE GIVEN.

WEDNESDAY EVENING *Miscellaneous Concert*

THURSDAY EVENING, *Oratorio of The Messiah*'

FRIDAY EVENING, *Rossini's Stabat Mater.*'

And three Public Rehearsals or Matinees.

Each with all chorus, the Soloists and Quintette Club

SEASON TICKETS—To singers $1 50 to visitors with secured seats at the Concerts, $2 00, and $1.50 according to location.

CONCERT TICKETS, with secured seats, 50 cents — Rehearsal 25 cents

Seats may be secured by mail or otherwise, one week in advance By the courtesy of the Superintendents and Agents of the Maine Central, Portland and Kennebec, and Oldtown R Roads steamer Katahdin, and up river steamboats to Winn, &c., free return tickets will be allowed to those who attend the Festival. No effort will be spared to make this Festival worthy the attention of the best musical talent of the State.

A large chorus is already engaged in rehearsal.

FREDERIC S DAVENPORT,

Bangor, March 25th, 1867. 3taw &w DIRECTOR

A few baths prepared with Strumatic Salts will effectually cure Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Scrofula and Eruptions on the face Just received and to sale by B F BRADBURY dec 1 3tawd&weow

GOOD BARGAINS!

A LARGE STOCK OF

Drugs, Medicines, Patent Remedies, Syringes, Extracts Perfumery, Toilet Goods Brushes, English Pickles and Sauces, Perfectly Pure Spice, Flavoring Extracts, Fine Cigars and Tobacco, All at very low rates N. S. HARLOW, feb 5 sn 4 Smith's Block

AUGUSTUS O. HAMLIN, M D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

OFFICE AT No 30 MAIN STREET.

Residence, Court Street.

February 14 sntf

CLOTHING!

J E CHAPMAN has just received at No 6 Strickland's Block, and for his stock of Mens' and Boys' CUSTOM MADE CLOTHING, Hats & Caps, and Rubber Clothing, Trunks Valises, which he is selling very cheap. Call and see apr 1 3m

City of Bangor.

The Regular meeting of the Joint Standing Committee on Accounts and Claims will be holden at the Aldermen's Room, City Hall, on FRIDAY before the First Monday of each month at 2 o'clock P M JOS F. SNOW, Chairman.

Bangor, March 27, 1867.

DR. E O. YOUNG,

SURGEON DENTIST,

No 3 Union Block, Main St (Over Alden's Drug Store)

Attends to the practice of Dentistry in all its branches N B. Patients visited at their residence when desired apr 2 eatf

A. G. LEBROKE,

Counsellor and Attorney-at-Law,

FOXCROFT,

mch 30 sntw PISCATAQUIS Co MAINE

ROBERTS & CO.,

Successors to A. M. Roberts & Son,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Every description of Lumber,

INCLUDING

Masts, Spars, Knees, &c.,

Office, corner of Washington and Hancock sts

BANGOR, - - - - MAINE.

A M ROBERTS, CHAS W ROBERTS, N. GILBERT HIGGINS } mch 13 snaw (Times copy)

HEAR REASON

STRENGTHEN THE DEFENCES!

When a garrison apprehends an attack from an outside enemy, what does it do? It STRENGTHENS THE DEFENCES The human system, at this period of the year, is beleaguered by morbid influences — The atmosphere is full of them. Every change of weather finds the feeble open to their attacks What is to be done in order to baffle these unseen, but ever active foes? STRENGTHEN THE DEFENCES — Do you ask how? The answer is simple— he means within the reach of all Reinforce the vital organs and the nervous system with HOSTETTER'S BITTERS. Tone the stomach, regulate the bowels, rouse the sluggish liver, cheer the spirits enrich and purify the vital current, with HOSTETTER'S BITTERS, That's the way to STRENGTHEN THE DEFENCES, and render the capital of health impregnable. If you wish to escape, bilious head ache intermittent fever, indigestion and nervous visitations—to enjoy, in all its plentitude, the blessings of a sound mind in a sound body," use this incomparable preventive and restorative It preserves health in the healthy, and renews it in the weak and ailing apr 2 sn3tawd&w 2w

Fisher's Cough Drops.

This certain and effectual cure for Coughs and all diseases of the throat and lungs, has been generally known throughout New England for the last sixty years, and is warranted to cure, or the price will be refunded Prepared by GEORGE W. WALLINGFORD, grandson of the late Dr Fisher

NASON, SYMONDS & CO, Proprietors, Kennebunk, Maine

W. L. ALDEN & CO, Bangor, Agents. Sold by all Druggists. mch 4 sn3m

D. M. HOWARD,

GEN'L FIRE INSURANCE AGENT,

No. 96 Exchange Street.

First class risks solicited and placed in the best companies at the lowest rates of premium.

February 12 sn3m

DR. S. S FITCH'S

"FAMILY PHYSICIAN,"

Seventy-six pages, price 25 cents Sent to any address. No money required until the book is received, read, and fully approved. It is a perfect guide to the sick or indisposed. Address DR. S. S. FITCH, Jan 30 snly 25 Tremont street, Boston.

Physician's Notice.

DR. C. F. NORCROSS has changed his office from room 27 to No. 49 on the first floor, Hatch House. Invalids, call and see him. If he does not help you he will refund the money—i. e., no help no pay. He cures all who are not beyond the reach of medical aid. March 18 1w

THOMAS J. STEWART,

Shipping and Commission Merchant and Ship Broker,

Office, No. 1 Mercantile Square.

June 1 '66

2 HARLOW'S BLOCK, [illegible]

Sanford's Independent Line

FOR BOSTON DIRECT

SPRING ARRANGEMENT FOR 1867.

Steamer KATAHDIN Capt. J. P JOHNSON, will leave Boston, for Winterport, first trip of the season THURSDAY, March 7th, at 5 o'clock P. M., and continue to run one trip per week until further notice, as follows

Leave Winterport, for Boston, every TUESDAY, at 12 o'clock M, touching at all the usual landings

—RETURNING—

Leave Boston, for Winterport, every FRIDAY, at 5 o'clock P M, touching as above

FARE—From Winterport and Bucksport to Boston $4 00 Meals extra. LOOMIS TAYLOR, Bangor Feb 2, 1867 Agent.

Tefft's New Dental Rooms!

Dr. HENRY F. TEFFT,

(From the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery, Philadelphia),

Attends to every department of the science and art of Dentistry according to the latest improvements, and, with all the modern and improved instruments, and in every style of work, at his New Dental Rooms in Bangor,

No. 2 1-2 KENDUSKEAG BRIDGE,

Corner of Strickland's Block Post Office Avenue,

Turning to the right as you ascend the stairs.

N B. Teeth examined and advice given without charge A liberal deduction made to clergymen of all denominations, and their families. feb 20 sn

MR JOHN HOYT,

TEACHER OF

Piano, and Cultivation of the Voice.

Term will consist of twelve weeks, two lessons per week,

References—Mr. John W. Tufts, Profs. B F. Baker J. W. Adams, Boston, Mass. dec 24

"Buy Me and I'll Do you Good"

DR LANGLEY'S

ROOT and HERB BITTERS.

A STANDARD MEDICINE —without the possibility of a doubt the best remedy known for the following and all kindred diseases —*Indigestion, Costiveness, Liver Complaint, Piles, Headache, Heartburn, Dyspepsia, Dizziness, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Languor, Drowsiness, Debility, Jaundice, Flatulency, Humors, Foul Stomach, &c*

By the timely use of his medicine the blood is purified The appetite is restored The system is strengthened. The liver is invigorated The breath is sweetened The complexion beautified And the general health is restored A gentle laxative An agreeable tonic A splendid appetizer A harmless stimulant. A reviver of drooping spirits

Sold by dealers in medicine everywhere

mch 9 sn eowl6w

A Cough, a Cold, or A Sore Throat,

REQUIRES IMMEDIATE ATTENTION, AND SHOULD BE CHECKED IF ALLOWED TO CONTINUE,

Irritation of the Lungs, a Permanent Throat Disease, or Consumption

IS OFTEN THE RESULT

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

HAVING A DIRECT INFLUENCE TO THE PARTS, GIVE IMMEDIATE RELIEF

For Bronchitis Asthma, Catarrh, Consumption and Throat Diseases

TROCHES ARE USED WITH ALWAYS GOOD SUCCESS.

SINGERS AND PUBLIC SPEAKERS

will find *Troches* useful in clearing the voice when taken before Singing or Speaking, and relieving the throat after an unusual exertion of the vocal organs The *Troches* are recommended and prescribed by Physicians and have had testimonials from eminent men throughout the country Being an article of true merit, and having *proved* their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in new localities in various parts of the world, and the *Troches* are universally pronounced better than other articles,

OBTAIN only "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, and do not take any of the *Worthless Imitations* that may be offered SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Nov 28 smd&w

Dr. Tebbet's Physiological Hair Regenerator

The wonderful popularity of this Preparation is unprecedented It is becoming the standard article over everything of the kind and is the only unobjectionable hair preparation in use

It positively restores white gray and faded hair.

It prevents hair from falling off and often

Reproduces a new growth on bald heads.

Is free from all disagreeable odor

It does not soil the finest fabric or skin

Frees the head from humor and dandruff

Has no equal as a dressing

Without it no toilet is complete

Agents—B F BRADBURY, Bangor FOLSOM & CO., Oldtown. dec 11 sn d&w6m

MARRIED.

At the residence of Watson Dyer, on French St, April 9th, by Rev. W G M Stone Mr J B Peakes and Miss Olive S Dyer, both of Bangor [No cards.]

In Etna, April 7th by John C Friend, Esq., Mr Augustus Moseley to Miss Augusta A Sylvester, both of Etna

In Liberty March 30th, by C H Sprague Esq, Mr James L. Knowlton to Miss Sarah F Chapman, both of Liberty

In Searsport, March 30th, by Rev A Church, Mr Frank A P rkins to Miss Mary M. Crosby, both of Searsport

In Otisfield, March 30th J. D. Nutting M D, to Hattie F Andrews, of Otisfield

In Cornville, 30th ult, by S Woodman, Mr Romandel W Pierce, of Canaan, to Mrs Laura J Lyford, of Skowhegan

In Skowhegan, 1st inst, Alvin Sedgley, and Flora E Knight, both of S

In Highland Mr Hiram W. Jacobs, of Dead River, to Miss Margaret B Atwood, of Concord

DIED.

In West Gardiner, March 25 of diptheria, Hattie Nora, aged 6 years 4 months 23d Cora Inez, aged 12 years 15 days; 24th, Florence Ida, aged 1 years and 7 months, children of John W and Susan A Herrick, 27th, of diptheria, James L Gilman, only son of Daniel and Abigail Gilman, aged 37 yrs, 1 m

In Smithfield, March 26 Mrs Rachel Frederick, relict of the late Joseph Frederick, aged 81 years 4 months and 22 days

In Athens, March 20th, Mr William Hight aged 0 years

In Bath, March 20th, William Torrey, Esq, aged 1 years and 10 months

In Skowhegan, Dea Daniel Wells aged 90 years

In Belfast 9th inst, Mrs Robert White, aged 85 years and 9 months.

In South Montville, March 20th of cancer Mrs Melatiah Philbrick, formerly of Hope, aged 64 yrs

SCHOOL BOOKS.

NEW AND SECOND HAND J W BARTLETT apr 12

SLATES.

OVAL Round Cornered and Square, apr 12 at BARTLETT'S

The New Bankrupt Law,

FOR SALE by J W BARTLETT apr 12 East Market Square

Straw Wrapping

FOR SALE at Reduced Prices by apr12 D. BUGBEE & CO

School Books.

NEW and Second Hand, wholesale and retail by apr12 D BUGBEE & CO

Cancelling Stamp.

THE DIAL Self adjusting Cancelling Stamp, showing the dates to be stamped. The best thing in the market. For sale by apr12 D BUGBEE & CO.

PITCHER, FLITNER & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND

Receivers of Flour & Produce,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

SHIP STORES AND CHANDLERY.

200 Commercial Street, and 175 Fulton Street,

BOSTON

F W PITCHER. | HORATIO PITCHER. | J H. FLITNER

We have now on hand a fine assortment of choice Southern and Western FLOURS, which we are offering to the trade at the lowest market rates. apr 12 PITCHER, FLITNER & CO.

NEW LINE

FROM ORONO TO BANGOR.

A FOUR HORSE STAGE COACH will run from Orono to Bangor, leaving the Dounegannah Hotel at 7½ o'clock A. M. Returning leave Penobscot Exchange at 4½ o'clock P. M. FRED. J. PAGE & CO. Orono, April 12, 1867. 1w

Wanted, Correspondents.

TWO MORAL YOUNG MEN, bashful, somewhat inclined to the blues, confirmed bachelors, and having many other good qualities, desire to open a correspondence with a limited number of Bangor young ladies. Object: fun, mental improvement, and perhaps ... [illegible] apr 11 3t

Caution to the Public. [illegible]

48. MAIN STREET. 48.

NEW MILLINERY AND STRAW GOODS!

RIBBONS, FLOWERS,

FRENCH FRAMES,

Pearl, Crystal Amber and Jet

Fringes, Crapes and Silks,

And all articles usual in our Stock

Alexandre Kids,

(all numbers)

Alexandre Silk and Lisle, Misses' and Children's Amber Color, do, Gauntlet Buck, do

Corsets.

The Worley French, (superior to all others) German do, at the lowest prices Misses' and Children's, do.

Embroideries.

Cambric Setts Lace Collars, Lace Edge Handkerchiefs, Infants Waists, Cambric Edgings, &c.

Edgings.

Maltese, Cluny, Real Valenciennes Thread, Smyrna and Blond

Laces.

Plain, Silk and Figured, Chenille Dot do for Veils—Bobbinet and Wash Blond - Melenes Lace Veils and Falls Bareges and Donna Marias

White Goods.

Cambric and Cambric Muslins Victoria Lawns Tucked Muslins for Waists Alicennes for Skirts Ladies' and Gent's Linen Handkerchiefs

PARASOLS AND SUN SHADES

ELEGANT FANS

SILKS and SATINS, OIL SILKS,

COURTAULD'S CRAPES,

(5 4 and 6-4 for Veils)

BLACK and BROWN HAIR NETS, FANCY do HAIR BRAIDS

Berlin Worsteds, & Canvass Slipper Patterns'

Saxony, Angola, Tidy and Knitting Cotton

All goods cheerfully shown at

48 MAIN STREET

Opposite the Hatch House

apr 12 J P GREELEY.

Attention is Called

TO THE EXHIBITION OF

TAYLOR'S PATENT

Mill Saw Sharpener

AND DEEPENER,

AT

GROVER'S MILL FRANKLIN ST,

(Upper Bridge)

THIS MACHINE has been in operation in New Brunswick for the past two years and has given general satisfaction

It does away with the use of Files and Gumming Tools and is a complete success

Do not fail to call and see the Machine in operation on MONDAY and TUESDAY, April 15th and 16th

Mill Men and Mill Owners are requested to call and examine for themselves apr 11 1w

Wanted,

IMMEDIATELY, three or four good journeymen PAINTERS Good wages Inquire of ABEL S. SWEET, State Street apr 11 1w next to Engine House

ICE!

THE Subscriber has his houses filled with PURE ICE and is now ready to receive orders for supplying customers in any quantity desired

I will also attend to all orders for TRUCKING or HOISTING Orders for

PREPARED HARD or SOFT WOOD.

filled at short notice

Order box and slate at C E COLLAMORE & CO'S, No 40 West Market Square next to S. H Dale & Co's. J H ROBINSON

April 11, 1867 tf

1867. OPENING 1867!

NEW FIRM, NEW GOODS.

THE undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Bangor and vicinity, that they have taken the store formerly occupied by Colkins & Stanford, and that they will open a large stock of

Spring Cloaks & Cloaking Goods,

On MONDAY, APRIL 15th, 1867

STANFORD & WHITNEY 25 Main Street

CARD.

STANFORD & WHITNEY would say that they have secured the services of MISS MAGGIE MAGUIRE (formerly with Colkins & Stanford) as cutter they have also retained the Cloak Makers formerly employed by Colkins & Stanford

All garments warranted to suit or no sale

STANFORD & WHITNEY,

apr 11 1w 25 Main Street.

Driving Tools,

OF ALL SIZES,

Constantly on hand, and for Sale

BY

Wheelwright & Clark,

April 1 1w

Hog Strayed.

From the subscriber, April 2, a white SOW PIG weighing about 100 or 125 lbs Any person knowing where she is will be suitably rewarded by giving me information where she can be found

apr 11 3t JEREMIAH SULLIVAN

Signs for the Million!

THE BEST PLACE IN THE CITY

TO GET

GOOD SIGNS

Of every description, painted cheap is at

H. FURBISH'S,

No 15 STATE STREET,

Opposite Lane's Confectionary Manufactory

mch 13 5w

Mr. Perkin's Family School

THIS School for Boys is pleasantly situated at Gorham, Maine on the Portland and Rochester R R The *SUMMER SESSION* will commence on the 29th of May. For further particulars address REV GEO A. PERKINS

ap 11 10 3tawtw

COLE & ARCHER,

PICTURE FRAMERS

ALL WORK promptly done, and in the latest style of Moulding Also keep the

BEST PICTURES

IN THE MARKET

CANVASSING AGENTS WANTED

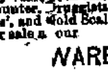
apr 10 tf 12 Main Street, near Bangor House.

Janitor Wanted.

CALL at Worthington Warner & Smith's Commercial College Tuition free for services Bangor, Apr 16 1867 1w

FAIRBANKS'

Premium Standard



SCALES,

MADE of the best materials, in the most thorough manner, and are receiving CONSTANT IMPROVEMENTS under the supervision of *THE ORIGINAL INVENTOR*

Every variety, as Hay, Coal, Railroad, Platform and Counter, Druggists', Confectioners', Butchers', Grocers', and Gold Scales, Beams, Spring Balances, &c., for sale at our

WAREHOUSE,

118 MILK STREET, BOSTON, MASS.

FAIRBANKS, BROWN & CO.

Agents for sale of

Tilton & McFarland's Safes,

WHITE'S PATENT MONEY DRAWERS,

AND

ORESSON'S GAS REGULATORS.

For sale in Bangor by

H. S. MORISON & CO.

april 11 [illegible]

NOTE PAPER AND ENVELOPES.—Initial ... without charge ... F. DUREN.

Cloth Curtain ... [illegible] ... CHAS. HIGHT.

Summer Arrangement, 1867.

ON and after MONDAY next, April 15th, trains will leave Bangor daily for Portland and Boston at 7.30 A M, and for Waterville and intermediate stations at 2.15 P M Trains will be due at Bangor from Portland and Boston at 8 P M and Freight Accommodation from Waterville at 10 40 A. M.

Through tickets to Boston and Portland are sold at all stations on this line only

EDWIN NOYES,

April 12 1867 Supn'dt.

Spring and Summer Arrangement,

Bangor, Oldtown and Milford

RAIL ROAD COMPANY.

ON and after MONDAY, April 15th the Trains will leave as follows, till further notice

Leave Bangor at 6 A M, 11¾ A M, 6¼ P M

Leave Milford at 7¼ A M 1¼ P M, 6½ P M

Leave Oldtown at 7½ A M, 2 P M, 6¾ P M

N. T SWAN, Agent.

Bangor April 9 1867

Hotel for Sale.

THE WELL KNOWN TAVERN STAND at the corner of Union and Fourth Streets in this city, known as the AVENUE HOUSE with large lot and stables is offered for sale for a few weeks at a bargain Part of the purchase money can remain on mortgage

This is a good chance for investment and a good stand for business in the Hotel line Title perfect.

The present proprietor has been for the last nine years in California and business requires his presence there at this time, for which reason he wishes to close out his property here

For further particulars apply on the premises to

LEVI FLETCHER.

Bangor April 9th, 1867 d&wtf

SPRING GOODS.

Clothing at Reduced Prices.

JAMES HURLEY,

NO 4, KENDUSKEAG BRIDGE

Has just received the BEST STOCK of Men and Boys'

Custom Made Clothing

AND FURNISHING GOODS,

IN THE MARKET,

Which he is selling at Wholesale and Retail at

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES,

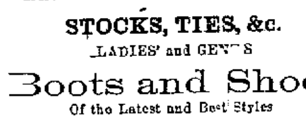
FOR CASH

CALL AND EXAMINE

apr 10 tf JAMES HURLEY

SPRING STYLES

—OF—



JUST RECEIVED

Also, a nice lot of

GENT'S CASTER GLOVES,

STOCKS, TIES, &c.

LADIES' and GENTS

Boots and Shoes

Of the Latest and Best Styles

At T. HERSEY & CO'S,

apr 9 No 20 MAIN STREET

To Lumbermen.

AN EXTRA QUALITY

OF CALF AND KIP

Driving Boots and Shoes,

—AT—

T HERSEY & CO S,

apr 9 20 Main Street

SCHOOL BOOKS,

OF ALL KINDS

AT WHOLESALE and RETAIL by apr 8 CHAS. HIGHT

BARDEN'S

Ready Folded Book Covers,

FOR SALE BY

apr 8 CHAS HIGHT

MISS KITTREDGE,

WILL OPEN ON

MONDAY, APRIL 8th,

Spring and Summer Styles

—OF—

MILLINERY,

—AT—

No. 58 MAIN STREET,

apr 8 (UP STAIRS) 1w

Agents Wanted.

JUST OUT,

FARRAGUT & OUR NAVAL COMMANDERS

by the Brilliant and Popular Historian

J T HEADLY

This is the only work on the Navy in the War and everybody is buying it J M STROUT No 8 Clapp's Block Portland.

apr 10 1md&w

MRS. L. B HANSON,

Formerly of the firm of

M. E GIBBS & CO,

Would take this opportunity of thanking her friends and patrons for their past patronage and hopes by strict attention to the business for a continuance of the same

SATURDAY, APRIL 6th,

I shall be prepared to show the

SPRING STYLES

—OF—

BONNETS & HATS.

No. 46, MAIN STREET.

April 4 dlw w2w (Times 1w Jeffersonian 2w)

Wanted.

DRY GOODS SALESMAN WANTED One who thoroughly understands the business, and can give good reference will hear of a situation by addressing BOX 268, Post Office, Bangor.

Applications received for one week. apr 2 tf

Good News—Good News!

The Great Luxury of the Season Arrived!!

THE PURE

Farmington Maple Candy,

apr2 at B F BRADBURY'S

NEW

Maple Syrup,

JUST RECEIVED AT

Chick & Prescott's,

Apr6 1w BROAD STREET

OPENING

OF

New Millinery,

MONDAY, April 8th,

At DWELLEY & CO'S,

apr6 1w Main Street.

WRAPPING PAPER

apr 10 E. F. DUREN.

AUCTION!

BY R. S. PRESCOTT,

No. 12 Central Street

RICH INLAID AND RARELY CARVED

FURNITURE,

—o—

Black, Ebony and Calamander Wood, From the Island of Ceylon

ON SATURDAY April 13th at 10 o'clock A M at the Central Street Auction Room a variety of articles of Furniture and House keeping goods consisting of—

Sofas Chairs Tables Tea Tables Work Boxes Elegant Mirror Picture ... a great variety of other articles of ... never before seen in this market The ... at the place of sale on Thursday and Fr...

apr 8

Furniture at Auction.

FOR the accommodation of ... disposing of FURNITURE ... at Auction during the month of April ... made at the Central Street Auction Room

Wednesday 3d, 10th, 17th and 24th of April, at 10 o'clock A M

Articles sent in on Monday and Tuesday week will be sold on Wednesday

FARM FOR SALE.

Situated within ... centre of business ... as the COTTON ... of ... acres ... Houses ... with good management ... best Hay Farms in this vicinity ... sold at a bargain and ... Apply at Real Estate Office ...

April 2 1867 d&w

An Invaluable Medicine for the Purifying of the Blood

Dr. J. W. POLAND'S

HUMOR DOCTOR

A POSITIVE REMEDY FOR ALL KINDS OF HUMORS

PARTICULARLY

Erysipelas, Nettle Rash Salt Rheum Scrofula, Carbuncles, Boils & Piles

IT IS VERY EASY TO SAY OF THIS or other Medicine "It is the ... known It is not always ... however exceedingly ... for this Medicine that ... public that this is a most wonderful ... Specific for Humors as stated ... don't rest at hand to ... For fifteen years the Humor ... manufactured and sold and ... earned the value of its reputation ... its sales In New Hampshire where ... tried no remedy for Humors ... An eminent physician (now an army surgeon) ... practicing in N H purchased ... sixty gallons of it during seven ... used it in his practice ... for the hospital where he was ... physicians have purchased it ... practice with great success When ... lived in New Hampshire at Goffstown ... the space of thirty or forty miles ... particularly the Humor D... well known and highly valued ... and wonderful cures which it effected ... manufactured in large quantities ... frequently ... for more to be made In that region ... several cases of *erysipelas* were treated with ... *they were cured* Erysipelas sores ... the ugly painful ulcers were entirely ... wherever the medicine was faithfully ... was with *Scald* and *Salt Rheum* ... Doctor cured them

Since the Proprietor's removal to Melrose his present residence he has been regularly ... to patients who have applied to him ... and has been very successful in relieving ... them One case of Erysipelas—of ... years—is worth mention ng in particular he came to the Doctor's office he could ... pair of old rubber overshoes his ... were so swollen and sore When he ... socks the scales came with them ... bleeding feet we frightful to behold ... to say that less than one dozen bottles of ... mor Doctor (and in a few weeks) healed ... feet and ankles, so that they were ... perfectly sound The man wore ... convenience Numerous cases ... have been treated with this medicine ... eradication of them. In Melrose ... more than a hundred persons who ... Humor Doctor, and give it an excellent ... all the towns around it is well known ...

For the sake of showing what ... few testimonials are here inserted

MILTON GALE ESQ ...

I hereby certify that I was ... boils for two years ... limbs and other parts of my body ... which I endured from them are ... fice it to say that I faithfully ... most popular humor remedies ... ving the affliction At length ... of an intimate friend I was induced ... W Poland's Humor Doctor, and ... attest that all my boils were removed ... was restored by using Dr Poland ...

Boston January 8th, 18...

MRS WHEELER Stoneham ...

I very confidently and earnestly see ... W Poland's Humor Doctor as an ... edy for Humors having been wonderfully ... by it my self My own case was ... obstinate one For more than two years ... upon the inside of both my hands and ... to the wrist was constantly cracked ... up so that I was unable to use my hand ... kind of wet work and was obliged to wear ... in sewing to avoid getting blood upon my ... The humor which so afflicted me was probably ... combination of Erysipelas and Salt Rheum ... general health was quite poor Soon after I ... to use the *Humor Doctor* I could perceive ... healing I continued to take the medicine ... was finally cured. My hands are now perfect from humors and to all appearance ... system is clear of it and has been ... months I used eight bottles before I ... gave it entirely up but they cured me

MARGARET WHEELER.

Stoneham, Mass, July 5th 186...

Price 75 cents per Bottle

This invaluable Medicine will be ... the present at the

New England Botanic Depot Boston

Under the supervision of DR. J. W. POLAND, J C FLINT Proprietor

To whom all orders should be addressed

Sold by Dealers in Medicines everywhere

W L ALDEN & CO Wholesale Agents

For sale by N S Harlow, Bangor & Love May & Curtis, and J F. Patter & Co

apr 10 3tawly&w3m

Wanted,

A TENEMENT in good ... of the city, for a family with ... No 56 Main Street, store of F MEINECKE.

apr 3 1w

New Stock

FANCY CASSIMERES,

DOESKINS,

AND

DRY GOODS,

Now Opening and Selling at the

LOWEST MARKET PRICES,

WHOLESALE and RETAIL

At J. DRESSER & CO S,

EXCHANGE STREET

apr 3 tf 2 Doors North Penob. Exchange

HAMMOND STREET

MEAT MARKET.

THE Subscriber has purchased the interest of MOSES HEXTER in the Market on Hammond and Court Streets and will continue the

Meat Business

In all its branches. He hopes by attention to business, and keeping at all times a good stock of articles in his line, to merit the patronage of customers as well as ne

The accounts of M. HEXTER are left at the old stand and those owing him are requested to call and settle. OTIS KALER

Bangor, April 6th 1867

Notice to State Pensioners.

APPLICATIONS may be made for State Pensions at the office of JOHN E GODFREY as heretofore

JOHN E. GODFREY, AMBROSE C FLINT, Committee

Bangor, April 5th, 1867 2w

JOHN F. ROBINSON,

Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law,

apr 6 LINCOLN MAINE 1m

Lumbermans Savings Bank

BY direction of a majority of all the persons named in an Act passed by the Legislature of the State of Maine for the year 1867 entitled An Act to Incorporate the Lumbermans Savings Bank, I hereby give notice that the first meeting of said Corporation will be held at the Bank Room of the Lumbermans Bank in Oldtown county of Penobscot, on the 20th day of April 1867 at 2 o'clock P M W. H. SMITH

Oldtown April 1st, 1867 apr 6 1m

TOWN BOOKS AND BLANKS E. F DUREN

apr 10

TELEGRAPHIC TO THE Whig & Courier.

Matters in Washington

A Bill Filed in the Supreme Court against the Military Government Bill.

Gen. George Fuller Confirmed as Postmaster of Bangor.

Debate in the Senate on the Adjournment Question.

Fires in Cincinnati, Ohio, and Providence, R. I.

Kentucky Democratic State Convention.

WASHINGTON, April 11.

In the Supreme Court this afternoon, Mr. [illegible] asked leave to place in the hands of the Clerk a bill of complaint from the State of Georgia, to enjoin Secretary Stanton, Gen. Grant and Gen. Pope from executing the act for a more efficient government of the rebel States, which he said he would to-morrow ask leave to file.

The Court replied that the gentleman can now file his motion.

Attorney General Stanberry gave notice to Mr. O'Connor that he should be ready to [illegible] the motion.

This bill differs from that of the State of Mississippi, in the fact that the first was not [illegible] in it. He felt it to be his duty to say [illegible] the Secretary of War desired that he should take upon himself the entire management of the case on the part of the defense. In reply to an expressed desire that an argument be made so that both cases—the Mississippi and Georgia—may be heard together, and the order of agreement be unsettled, the Court said it would think of the matter, as it was not now prepared to make a definite statement.

The Senate to-day confirmed Gen'l Rosecrans as a Brig Gen'l; Gen. George Fuller as Postmaster at Bangor, Me., and rejected George L. Goodrich as Postmaster at Fitchburg, Mass.

The President is much better to-day and was able to attend to the business in his office. Secretaries Welles, Browning, McCulloch, Att'y Gen'l Stanberry and Postmaster Gen'l Randal had interviews with him this forenoon. A number of visitors were present, but none were admitted, the President not being able to receive them.

The Senate has ratified the treaty recently made with the Chippewa bands of Mississippi Indians now residing in Minnesota, providing for the sale of a portion of the land occupied by them, and for other reservations to be set apart for their use.

The Supreme Court to-day concluded the hearing in the Debaro case. Gen. Cushing closed the argument on behalf of the [illegible], and Judge Black concluded the case for the appellants.

It is understood that the Senate in executive session today refused to allow the debate on the Russian-American treaty to be published.

CINCINNATI, April 11.

The large distillery of Foote, Nash & Co, at the corner of Pearl and Reziour streets, was entirely destroyed by fire this morning. It is supposed to have originated from an explosion in the rear of the main building, where some stills were being charged. Loss estimated at over $100,000. Insurance not ascertained. Several buildings adjoining were injured to the extent of $2000 or [illegible], which loss is covered by insurance.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., April 11.

The Dye Wood Mill of Wm. Chace & Co., in North Providence, was burnt this morning. Loss $20,000—nearly covered by insurance.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., April 11.

The State Convention of Union Democrats met today and organized by electing J R Underwood chairman.

Hon. Andrew Harding was nominated for Governor, Judge W B Kinkead for Lieut. Governor, and John M Harlan for Attorney General.

Resolutions were adopted sending greeting to Connecticut for the late Democratic victory.

A meeting is to be held tonight to ratify the nominations made today.

NEW YORK, April 11.

The steamer Henry Chauncey sailed today for Aspinwall and California with a large number of passengers, including Hon. [illegible] Conness.

The following was the business at the office of the U. S. Assistant Treasurer: Receipts, $2,151,941; payments, $2,526,-[illegible]; balance $106,190,280.

Money was generally easier this afternoon, at from 6@7 per cent.

Foreign exchange closed quiet. Prime bankers' sterling 9¾@9½.

Gold closed weaker at 136¼@136⅜.

Governments were generally quiet.

Stocks lower on railway shares and stronger on steamship shares.

By Mr James Brown, treasurer of the [illegible] Relief fund, received a despatch from the chairman of the San Francisco [illegible] Relief Commission, stating that in [illegible] days the Commission would forward [illegible] in gold.

The government commission for the examination of life saving apparatus met again today. Owing to imperfection of their arrangements they only examined Robinson's raft and the low water indicator presented by J B Palmer. It was decided to make future steam tests at 189 Cherry street. After the transaction of some other preparatory business the board adjourned till tomorrow.

Pilot boat Hope reports that on Wednesday, in lat 40 long 71, saw a schooner with colors flying union down. She proved to be the schr Wm H Sargeant of Sedgwick, 35 days from Darien, Ga, bound to Norwalk. The captain stated that they had had nothing to eat for four days. She was supplied with provisions by the Hope.

PORTLAND, Me., April 11.

A fire in Freeport village today destroyed Orrard & Soule's store, together with three other stores and several offices. Loss $20,-000; insured $1,000.

William Akerman, one of the oldest conductors in New England, died today.

MADISON, Wis., April 11.

The Wisconsin Legislature adjourned today sine die.

Among the bills passed is one consolidating all Wisconsin Railroads running into Milwaukee, except the Chicago & North Western; also a resolution to amend the constitution giving to women the right of suffrage.

MEMPHIS, April 11.

The conservatives held a large and enthusiastic meeting last night, and appointed delegates to the State Convention to be held at Nashville.

A resolution was adopted asking colored voters to send delegates to the same.

Admiral Semmes lectures tonight to an immense audience for the benefit of the Fanny Thurston Society. Subject—The Alabama and her course, as viewed by the laws of nations.

NEW ORLEANS, April 11.

A burglary was committed this morning on Canal Street, [illegible] worth of jewelry being stolen. The thieves were captured, and the valuables recovered.

HALIFAX, N. S., April 11.

The steamship Asia, from Liverpool, arrived at [illegible] o'clock this morning, and sailed for Boston [illegible].

Monetary Affairs.

NEW YORK, April 11. Second Board. Stocks are active—U. S. 5-20s coupons 1862, 109½; do 1864, 107¾; do 1865, coupons 108; do, new issue, 107¼; U S. 10-40s, coupons 98; U S 7-30s, 1st series, 106; do 2d series, 105¾; do. third series, 105½; Missouri Sixes 94½; Michigan Central Railroad, 00; Michigan Southern Railroad, 67¾; New York Central Railroad 100; Erie Railroad 54¾; Cleveland & Pittsburg Railroad, 86¾; Chicago & Rock Island 87¼; Chicago & Northwestern 00; do preferred 59¾; Fort Wayne 95¾; Canton 43@50; W U Tel, 38; Illinois Central Rail Road 112; Reading 96½; Hudson 00; Ohio & Miss Certificates 00; Boston Water Power 00; Cumberland Coal pref'd 28; Pacific Mail Steamship Company 128¾; Atlantic Mail Steamship Company 96; Adams Express 58¾; American Express Company 56; United States Express Company 51; Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express Company 27; Merchants Union 12; Mariposa Mining Co. 00@00; preferred, 00@00; Quicksilver Mining Co. 23; Tennessee Sixes, new issue, 62¾.

American Gold 136¼. Money 7 per cent.

Markets.

NEW YORK, April 11. Cotton unchanged—sales 2000 bales—middling uplands at 27½@28 cents. Flour is very quiet—sales 8,500 bbls—State 10 25@13,40; Round Hoop Ohio 12,35@14,75; Western 10,25@14,75; Southern quiet and steady 12,00@17,50. Wheat 1@2 higher—sales 19,500—Milwaukee No. 2 2,60@2,67; No. 3 Chicago Spring 000@000; amber State 0,00; amber Michigan, 0,00; California white, 3 2⅞@0,00; choice do. 0,00. Corn active and 1 ct higher—sales 122,000 bushels mixed Western 1,30@1,32, in store, afloat, 0,00—do new, 1,26@1,28; yellow Jersey, new, 1,30. Oats heavy—sales 29 000 bushels; Western, 77½@74; State 7x; Ohio 00@00. Beef steady—sales 000 bbls new plain mess 00,00. Pork firmer—sales 000 bbls—new mess 22,80@00,00; old do. 00,00 @ 00,00; prime, do 00,00 @ 00,00. Lard is unchanged—sales at 12½@13¾c for new. Rice in request—sales 100 tierces Carolina at 10¼@10½. Sugars in good demand—Muscovado at 10¼@00; Porto Rico at 00; 000 boxes Havana 00@00. Molasses active Porto Rico 00; Muscovado 00@00. Coffee is firm but quiet. Naval Stores firm—Spirits Turpentine 00@00; Rosin sold at 0.00@4.00. Petroleum quiet—crude 00@00; refined bonded 00@00. Tallow firm at 10½@10½.

Freights to Liverpool are more active and a little easier—Corn per sail 3d@3½d, and per steamer 4d.

CHICAGO, April 11. Flour extremely firm. Winter extras 17,25; red do. 14,25; spring ex. 12,50. Wheat steady and inactive at yesterday's decline—sales at 2,37½@2,40 for amber No. 2. Corn—No 1 1,06; No. 2 92.

Fortieth Congress.

EXTRA SESSION.

WASHINGTON April 11.

Senate

Mr. Bayard appeared as Senator from Delaware and was qualified.

Mr. Sumner offered a resolution that the President of the United States be requested to furnish the Senate, if in his opinion not incompatible with public interest, copies of any official opinions which may have been given by the Attorney General, Solicitor of the Treasury, or any other officer of the government, on the interpretation of the act of Congress regulating the tenure of office and especially with regard to appointments by the President to office during the recess of Congress.

Mr. Sumner said he understood that opinions had been given which went far to nullify the recent act of Congress. It would thus seem that we have nullification here in Washington, in the Executive branches of the Government. He understood that according to these opinions, the President was to exercise the power of appointment during the recess of Congress, notwithstanding the recent act of Congress which undertook to regulate the tenure of office. Now, they all know the astuteness of lawyers, and it is sometimes said that lawyers drive a coach and six through the act of Parliament, or even an act of Congress. Perhaps the Administration is about to drive a coach and six through the recent act of Congress; in other words, that it was about to force on the country officers who cannot be officers under the existing laws. It seemed to him important that before the Senate adjourned they should know the precise state of the question. They should understand whether any such opinion had been given and the reasons for it. On that account he introduced the resolution now before the Senate.

The resolution was then agreed to. After some unimportant business the Senate went into Executive session.

After the Senate had been in executive session several hours, Mr Williams called up the resolution offered by him providing for an adjournment of the Senate sine die on Wednesday the 10th inst at 6 p m, and moved to amend the resolution by substituting Saturday next.

Mr Howe suggested that Monday be the time. He wanted the question settled now, when there was a quorum of Senators in the city, for in a short time there would be none here.

Mr Fessenden was opposed to the resolution. He did not believe the Republicans could answer to their constituents if they went home without waiting for vacancies to be filled. It would be no excuse to say they could not remain here.

Mr Chandler was willing to take the responsibility of adjourning now. If Andrew Johnson was an obstacle in the way, it would be found out by July whether or not they could run the government without him. For himself he would not be driven into confirming copperheads and rebels because otherwise the vacancies would remain unfilled.

Mr Fessenden replied that the executive department was as much a part of the government as the Senate, and the President had just as much right to say that the Senate stood in his way as for the Senate to say he stood in their way,—and as much right to say that he would find a way of running the machine without the Senate as they had to say they would find out whether they could run the machine without him. The President did not commit any impeachable offense by nominating officers, but he would do so if he failed to nominate them. So long as the President preferred to nominate his own political friends the Senate had the right to reject them.

Mr Conkling in reply to Mr Howe said, while looking at the language of the Constitution, he could see no reason why less than a quorum could not adjourn without day.—There had been vacancies for more than a year which the President has not yet sought to fill. He was willing to stay here as long as it might be necessary to induce or compel the President to have some regard for public interests in the character of the men whom he sent to the Senate for confirmation.

Mr Howe was perfectly willing that of two offices one should be filled by the friends of the President and the other by a republican, but he didn't understand that the President was willing that should be done. He did not see the force of the remark from the Senator of Maine (Fessenden) which was if the President sent the name of a man here he did all that was required of him.—While the President wanted a man of one character the Senate wanted another.

Mr Fessenden reminded the Senator of the fact that the President had sent in the nomination of an officer for the 9th Collection District of Pennsylvania, a radical, and the Senate rejected him.

Mr Howe replied that he was not familiar with that District, but he could say what had been done in other districts.

Mr Johnson said it were better to postpone consideration of the resolution and again go into executive session as there were 40 or 50 nominations on the table.

Mr Trumbull hoped the Senate would not go into executive session until they fixed the day of adjournment. He did agree with the Senator from Maine that they would gain nothing by agreeing on the time for adjournment.

When the President should learn that this had been done he would send in nominations for all vacancies. Three or four days remained before Monday. So long as the Senate recede and acted only a dozen of them a day they might be kept here all summer. His experience was that the Senate should fix a day and work up to it. If they waited to first transact business they would never come to an adjournment.

Mr Johnson again urged that they resume the executive session.

Mr Sumner did not think they could or ought to fix a day at present. They ought first to clear the calendar. The Senator knew that owing to decisions as the tenure of office bill there was a necessity for remaining. Congress had passed that law and they ought to see that it is enforced.

He wanted to do all that was required on the part of the Senators so as to leave no apology for the President. He repeated they ought to stay until the work shall be fully done. There would be no excuse for their going home before that time.

Mr Morton thought they ought to fix a day [illegible] the Pres[illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]

send to the Senate one class of nominations and the Senate continues to reject them there would be no end to the question; one or the other must yield. Were the republicans to yield and confirm democratic nominations—for one he said no. Was it supposed the President would yield? He was not in the President's confidence and therefore could not say. If they both persist the country will say there was no use in their staying here. He knew of Senators now present who would not be here after Monday. Therefore let the Senate fix that day for adjournment.

Mr Ramsay hoped the Senate would go into executive session and settle adjournment tomorrow.

The Senate then voted to go into executive session.

Adjourned.

LOCAL AND MAINE ITEMS.

To Those who Hesitate about Taking Stock. The Piscataquis Railroad will in a few years be able to bring manufactured lumber enough from the Moosehead Lake waters to the Bangor market for shipment, to nearly pay the running expenses of the road—in the opinion of an experienced man who knows the country and its resources. The saving of time (and also of lumber) over the old mode of running the logs to the mills will more than pay the cost of freight to the owners. This is only a single item of the immense freighting business which will spring up within a very few years. Those who think the road will not pay anything to stockholders are much mistaken. The Kennebec & Somerset road already pays—and from this very lumber business, too—although it does not strike the lake region at all.

Supreme Judicial Court—April Term

KENT, J., presiding.

Thursday, April 11.

Burnham Estes vs. George A. Fairfield.—Account for butcher's bill. After the testimony was out the case was taken from the jury and referred to the Court.

Mitchell. F. A. Wilson.

CONFIRMATION OF GEN. FULLER. The Senate yesterday confirmed the nomination of Gen. George Fuller as Postmaster of this city. See telegraphic despatches.

—We are indebted to Senator Morrill for valuable Congressional documents.

—In the report of a liquor seizure yesterday, the name of D. W. Garland was made D. W. Carland,—the manuscript being somewhat indistinct.

POLICE COURT. James Flowers was bro't up for alleged larceny of clothing from the trunk of a Mr. Moore, at the boarding-house of Richard Donohue. Officer McLaughlin searched the house and found an overcoat, a frock coat, a woolen shirt, and an army blanket, belonging to Mr. Moore, concealed in a trunk, in the attic, under such circumstances as warranted the Court in believing that there was "probable cause to suppose," &c.,—and James was requested to give bail in $200 for appearance at Supreme Court failing in which he was committed. Two pairs of pants seen going out of the house in company with defendant were not recovered.

—Attention is called to the sale of Mrs Georgia Pearson Bugbee's piano, advertised in another column. A rare opportunity is now offered to obtain a really superior instrument, which has been fully tested by an experienced artist. It was selected by the manufacturer especially for her own use, and for quality of tone, power, and action, it has no superior in this city. A bargain is offered if applied for soon.

—Our snow in the woods is going off very favorably for lumbermen and millmen—so moderately as not to produce any injurious freshet. The rain of Wednesday night was quite copious, but the wind changed to a cooler point, and the rain changed to sleet and snow in season to check the fall of a dangerous quantity of water. The ice will probably get out in a quiet manner by the last of next week.

—Belfast threw a great vote—nearly 900, and all but unanimous—for loaning a credit of $360,000 to the Moosehead Lake Railroad. Her people are now in earnest. The vote was nearly the largest ever cast at any election. The bells were rung, and bonfires made to celebrate the advent of public spirit. Shall we make occasion for a similar celebration in Bangor? We trust so.

—Religious services will be continued at the First Parish this afternoon and evening. Preaching by Rev. Mr. Underwood. Subject for this afternoon—"The Christian Triumph." All our fellow citizens are invited.

BARS CLOSED. The public houses of our city stopped the sale of liquors on Wednesday night last, in accordance with a notification from the City Marshal made two weeks since. Liquor is not now sold in any hotel.

THE BELFAST APPOINTMENTS. The Age says that Collector Harmon's appointments of officers for the Custom House have been confirmed. W. G. Frye takes his old place as first deputy, vice Col. W. H. Fogler; M J. Woodcock of Belfast, the place of Geo Crosby, son of the late Collector, as inspector, &c; T. R. Simonton returns to his old place as deputy at Camden, and E. M. Wood to his as inspector, &c. Mr. Harmon's former appointees for Searsport and Stockton have retained their places throughout.

—Patents have been granted to Frederick Bucknam of Portland, for improved dish pan and drainer; Duncan Morrison of Portland, for improvement in cane, umbrella, pistol dagger and camp stool combined; J. Johnson of Saco; for improvement in collecting gold from river bottoms; J. A. Whitman of Auburn for improvement in oil cans; Daniel E. Hall of Bucksport, assignor to self and Howard Tilden of Boston, Mass., for improvement in bag ties.

—The Belfast Age says that Hollis McCobb of Lincolnville, mate of sch. Mary E. Vancliff, was lost overboard and drowned on the voyage from Beaufort to New York on the 22d ult. He was engaged in reefing the jib in a gale, and through the fault of the man at the wheel he was thrown or washed from the bowsprit. He was one of the most promising young men of that town.

—The Farmer learns that in the three villages of Waterville, West Waterville and Kendall's Mills, one nursery firm in this State have alone taken orders for three thousand dollars' worth of fruit trees. In other sections where their agents have canvassed, equally large sales have been made. This is good news, for it looks as though some time fruit would be obtainable.

—While digging a well on Munjoy Hill, Portland, the workmen at a distance of 48 feet below the surface struck clay which threw out an offensive odor, and contained a great many clam shells which were perfect and [illegible]

[illegible]

—John [illegible] of Presque Isle lost a [illegible] cow this week through a hole in the ice of a pond—into which hole, as the Pioneer says, a member of the Aroostook bar fell a day or two previously and was rescued by some workmen near by.

—Seven hundred cords of white birch wood has been hauled to Baring the past winter, to be made into spools for thread.—There is hard wood enough of the best quality on the route of the proposed Piscataquis railroad to make all the spools and other wooden notions required for the whole country.

—The Grand Trunk Railway took in $125,000 during the week ending March 30—at the rate of $6,500,000 per year. If the road was in good order, as it should be, with plenty of good cars and engines, its traffic would be enormous.

—The town of Fort Fairfield is to build a bridge over the Aroostook river, with the aid of $2500 from the State—the abutments and piers to be constructed this year, and the superstructure put on next spring. So says the Sunrise.

—The Portland Argus says the tower of the new Methodist church, Skowhegan, was raised last Monday week. It is 140 feet high and makes a fine appearance. It is expected that the church will be dedicated in June.

—We may have shad again in the Penobscot—likewise alewives—if suitable fish ways are made in our dams. Since the recent alterations of dams in the Susquehanna river, shad and other fish have made their appearance as in former years.

—The St. Croix Courier understands that a wealthy gentleman of that place is about establishing a factory near the foot of Chiputneticook Lake, for manufacturing the extract of hemlock bark.

—At the recent fire in Belfast (the burning of Mayor Jewett's house) there was only one engine manned, and she was found to be out of order—as the Age says. It will be different when the Moosehead road is built.

—A firemen's levee in Gardiner last week was a success—$600 being taken. A silver set was awarded to J. S. McCurdy, Esq., who in turn made a donation of it to Sec'y J. T. McGrath, as the Journal says.

—Mrs Cowan, confirmed postmistress of Biddeford, is the widow of Captain Cowan formerly editor of the Union at that place, who died of disease contracted in the war against rebellion.

—We learn from the Argus that the Skate Manufacturing Company Skowhegan, have closed a contract with a New York house for the manufacture of 50,000 pairs of skates.

—The late rains have been snow storms, up by the Mooselucmaguntic—that sweet-syllabled lake at the head of the Androscoggin.

—Captain Stillman Ray, at Millbridge killed eight wild geese April 3d, four at one shot. Ray is a crack shot—so the Union says.

—Alexander Smith of Saco was found in a fit in the road near his house on Wednesday, and died in a few minutes—as we learn from the Saco Democrat.

—Dixmont proposes to loan its credit for $50,000 to the Belfast & Moosehead Lake R. R. Co. The vote was about five to one in a legal town meeting held April 3d.

—The Portland thieves have taken to robbing clothes lines—just for a "change", we suppose. Well, a predilection for clean linen is a praiseworthy trait.

—The ice in the Kennebec went from Gardiner as far as Richmond on Wednesday, and it is expected the river will be clear today or to-morrow.

—The Bath Times thinks the experiment of "gravel sidewalks" will not be carried any further in that city. The people have had enough of it.

—Bath is waking up to the importance of manufacturing enterprise. A company is now forming for the purpose of erecting extensive sugar works.

—The publishers of the Kennebec Journal have issued a prospectus for a daily paper.

—Thomas L. Reed of Hollis lost a hand by a circular saw on Tuesday of last week.

—Calais owes $40,000. The city expenses last year were $44,000.

PORTLAND INSTITUTE AND PUBLIC LIBRARY. The following Board of Directors was elected at a meeting of the corporation on Monday last:

Israel Washburn, Jr, William Willis, G F Shepley, John Neal, Samuel E Spring, L D M Sweat, William H Fenn, J Lynch, H B Brown, E C Bolles, Philip H Brown, J T Gilman, M D, Charles Akers, William E Gould, Robert A Bird.

COOLIES IN LOUISIANA. The scarcity of labor in Louisiana is being relieved to some extent by the importation of coolies from Cuba, their terms of apprenticeship upon that island having expired. A recent New Orleans paper mentions the arrival there of two shipments of these laborers, and states that any number of them can be obtained between now and October next at very favorable terms. In October the busy season in Cuba will commence, and the planters there will seek to renew their contracts with the coolies. The expense of bringing these laborers from Cuba and landing them upon the Louisiana plantations is from $50 to $60 apiece, and they will work for $12 per month in currency. Two and a half pounds of pork per week and ten ounces of rice per day satisfy them for food, and they are represented as models of frugality, industry and ingenuity. Those planters in Louisiana who have already employed coolie laborers express themselves perfectly satisfied with them, and regard them as cheaper than the negroes, since few of them have any families or incumbrances of any kind.

Nathan Horner, an old gentleman of St. Clair county, Ill., has obtained a verdict for $7600 against the Illinois Central Railroad for having been expelled from the cars under very aggravating circumstances, by a brutal conductor. Mr. Horner, who is 75 years old and nearly blind, could not find his ticket when the conductor called for it. Getting out of patience, the conductor charged him with being drunk, and forcibly ejected him from the cars. It was a dark night and the old gentleman was put off at a dangerous point, where he fell down an embankment and broke his collar bone, and received other injuries.

A PREACHER'S SHOT AT. Last Sunday at Louisville, Ky., an insane person named [illegible] [illegible]

The Concord Monitor, says Dea. George [illegible] of Hanover, aged 95 years, and Mrs Ezra Goodwin of Bath, aged 94, both went to the polls and voted the Republican ticket all day. "Vote early and vote often" is the old Democratic rule, but we didn't suppose our Republican friends in New Hampshire—especially Deacons and very aged men—practiced upon it. It may as well be stated that town officers in New Hampshire are elected the same day as State officers, and this explains why many ballots are taken.

A few days ago the artillerists of both the Citadel and the man of war Aurora at Quebec, were engaged in target practice on the ice. The men of the big Armstrong in the Citadel fired at a mark nearly two miles distant, making good shots which would have soon disposed of an ordinary vessel. A number of fool-hardy youths dotted the ice in close proximity to the targets, to pick up the missiles. Coolly watching each shot, they were often within only a few yards of the track, and no sooner had it struck the ice, than the lads pounced on it like vultures, and claimed it as their own.

BOSTON, Feb'y 20th, 1867.

To the Editor of the Bangor Whig, Bangor, Maine.

DEAR SIR:—Understanding from reliable sources that parties in your section of country are reporting as having the Agency or right to dispose of our Patent for the manufacture of Bark Extract, I am induced to write you to contradict any such impression. Our Association have their process for extracting the valuable qualities of Bark patented in Canada, New Brunswick, and the United States, and have the EXCLUSIVE right to manufacture in those countries. They have never given authority to any party to dispose of rights, and any party purporting to have such authority is imposing upon the community. The works of the Association are located in Canada, and any party wishing information regarding them can obtain the same upon application to W. E. PLUMMER, 53 Merchants Exchange, Boston, Agent of Miller's Patent Bark Extract Association.

P. S.—The Extract of our manufacture has entirely superseded that of any *other process*, and we can show the testimonials of nearly all the Tanners in Massachusetts to substantiate the truth of our assertion.

W. E. PLUMMER.

(*Advertisement*) 1wlc

Saddlery Hardware.

A NICE STOCK OF SADDLERY HARDWARE, Harness and Patent Leather.
mch 22 1m W. H. & C. O. SAWTELLE.

OLD RUBBERS AND OVERSHOES,

NEATLY REPAIRED AT FRANK P. WOOD'S,
Corner of Main and Hammond Sts., Bangor.
apr 3

New Steam Bakery

THE Subscribers having rebuilt their BAKERY, and added New Ovens of the latest style, are prepared, with the use of good stock, to furnish old and new customers with BREAD of all kinds.

Crackers, Soda, Pilot, Ship, White and Brown Bread, Pastry and Cakes of all kinds, at

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Orders from the country promptly attended to.
S. EMERY & SONS,
No. 10 Pickering Square, Bangor, Me.
mch 1 2wsw—&eaw1m

Shoe Paper.

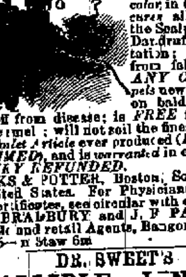
A NEW LOT received.
feb 23 E. F. DUREN.

Potash! Potash!

A VERY SUPERIOR QUALITY, at BRADBURY'S
dec 15

DR. CHAUSSIER'S EMPRESS,

A FRENCH PREPARATION FOR THE HAIR.



It is not a Dye, but will *restore* Gray or Faded Hair to its *original color*, in ONE WEEK; cures all Diseases of the Scalp, removes Dandruff and all irritation; *prevents* Hair from falling off from ANY CAUSE; compels new hair to grow on bald heads when fallen off from disease; is FREE from all disagreeable smell; will not soil the finest linen; is the *Finest Toilet Article* ever produced (ELEGANTLY PERFUMED), and is warranted in every instance or MONEY REFUNDED.

WEEKS & POTTER, Boston, Sole Agents for the United States. For Physicians' and Clergymen's certificates, see circular with each bottle.

B. F. BRADBURY and J. F. PATTEN & CO., Wholesale and retail Agents, Bangor, Me.
sept 15—n Staw 6m

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT,

THE GREAT EXTERNAL REMEDY, CURES

Rheumatism,	Cuts and Wounds,
Neuralgia,	Toothache,
Stiff Neck and Joints,	Sores,
Bruises,	Ulcers,
Headache,	Burns and Scalds,
Gout,	Chilblains,
Lumbago,	Bites and Stings,
	Sprains,

Also, the most efficient remedy for LAMENESS, SPRAINS, GALLS, SCRATCHES, &c., in horses.

GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., Boston, Manufacturers and Sole Agents. Sold by all Druggists.
mch 16 snoow 16w

F. A. PRESCOTT,

(Late of the Internal Revenue Bureau, Washington)

Counsellor-at-Law and Internal Revenue Solicitor.

No. 17 STATE STREET, - - - BOSTON.

MR. PRESCOTT'S long experience in the Internal Revenue Bureau, in the "Division of Frauds," having charge of all cases of violation of the Revenue Law, his familiarity with Departmental practice, and his acquaintance with the Revenue officers throughout the country, will enable him to be peculiarly successful in making a speciality of all matters pertaining to the Revenue Laws. He will attend to claims for Drawback, Abatement, Refunding, and for the recovery of penalties paid by way of compromise. He will advise parties as to the manner of making returns in accordance with law, or as to obtaining decisions from the Department at Washington, and will defend in cases of alleged violation of the law in regard to taxes, penalties or criminal offences.

Mr. Prescott will practice before the various Departments at Washington, the Supreme Court of the U. S. and the Court of Claims.

For the speedy transaction of business, Counsel of high standing residing in New York, St. Louis, Cincinnati and Washington, are associated with him.
jan 30 W&3m

MINERAL BATH AT HOME.

Dyspepsia Cured,
Rheumatism Cured,
Eruptions on the Face Cured,
Scrofula Cured,

BY TREATMENT WITH MINERAL WATERS.

Do away with all your various and often pernicious drugs and quack medicines, and use a few baths prepared with

"STRUMATIC SALTS."

These SALTS are made from the concentrated Liquors of the Mineral Well of the Penn'a Salt Man'f'g Co., in Pittsburgh, and are packed in air-tight boxes. One always sufficient for a bath. Directions are attached. Internally use

"STRUMATIC MINERAL WATERS."

In bottles of one and a half pints. One sufficient for a day's use. Sold by Druggists generally.

MERRILL BROS, No. 215 State Street, Boston; RAYNOLDS, PRATT & CO., No. 106 Fulton St., New York, wholesale agents.
dec 3 en Staw eod 1y &eowW

THE Great New England Remedy!

DR J. W. POLAND'S

White Pine Compound

IS now offered to the afflicted, throughout the country, after having been proved by the test of eleven years in the New England States, where its merits have become as well known as the tree from which, in part, it derives its virtues.

The White Pine Compound

CURES

Sore Throat, Colds, Coughs, Diptheria, Bronchitis, Spitting of Blood, and Pulmonary Affections generally. It is a Remarkable [illegible]

[illegible]

Proposals

WILL be received until 12 o'clock, M., May 31, 1867, at the office of the Superintendent of the new Custom House, Portland, Maine, for furnishing and delivering at site of building the Granite Work required therefor.

Plans, specifications and samples of the various grades of hammering may be seen at the office of the Supervising Architect of the Treasury Department at Washington, D. C., and at this office.

Each proposal must be accompanied by a sample of the stock proposed, not over nine inches cube, properly marked with the name of the bidder, and must be submitted before the opening of the bids.

Specifications and Blank forms for proposals can be obtained from the Supervising Architect, or at this office, and no bid will be considered that is not in strict accordance with their requirements, and of this advertisement.

All bids must be accompanied by the bond of two responsible persons, in the sum of $5000, that the bidder will accept and perform the contract if awarded to him, the sufficiency of the security to be certified to by the U. S. District Attorney, Judge or Clerk of the U. S. District Court.

The Department reserve the right to reject any or all of the bids, and to accept different proposals for the Basement Story and the Superstructure, if deemed to the interest of the Government to do so.

Proposals should be endorsed "Proposals for Granite work," and addressed to

HENRY KINGSBURY,
Superintendent Custom House, Portland, Me.
apr10 eodtM3

HEALTH NOTICE,

To the Inhabitants of Bangor.

IT being made my duty, by the law, to cause all filth to be removed, and to require owners or occupants of premises, to remove or discontinue any source of filth thereon, I hereby notify all persons to THOROUGHLY CLEANSE their premises, and to remove therefrom all decayed matter, and all substances injurious to health, and to discontinue all sources of filth, before the first day of May next. It is to be hoped that there will be a disposition on the part of all to comply with these requirements, that there may be no necessity for enforcement of the following provision of the law from the Revised Statutes:

[CHAP. 14, SEC. 16.]

"When any source of filth or other cause of nuisance is found on private property, the owner or occupant thereof shall, within twenty-four hours after notice from the Health Committee, at his own expense, remove or discontinue it; and if he neglects or unreasonably delays to do so, he shall forfeit not exceeding one hundred dollars; and said Committee shall cause said nuisance to be removed or discontinued, and all expenses thereof shall be repaid to the town by such owner or occupant, or by the person who caused or permitted it."

Office at W. B. Heath's, East Market Square.
HENRY GALE, Health Officer.
Bangor, April 8th, 1867.

ASSESSORS' NOTICE.

THE inhabitants of the City of Bangor, and others having taxable property within said City, are hereby notified and requested to bring in to the undersigned, Assessors of said City, true and perfect lists of their Polls, and all their Estates, Real and Personal, including Money on hand or at interest, and debts due more than owing, and all property held in trust as Guardian, Executor, Administrator, or otherwise (except such as is by law exempt from Taxation), which they are possessed of on the first day of April, instant, and to be prepared to substantiate the same by oath.

And for the purpose of receiving said Lists and making transfers of Real Estate, the undersigned will be in session at their office during the business hours of each day, from the first to the eighteenth of April instant, (Sundays excepted) and any personal examination of property by the Assessors will not be considered as a waiver for neglect of any person in bringing in true and perfect lists, as required by law.

Those persons who neglect to comply with this notice will be debarred by law from appealing from the decision of the Assessors, on their application for abatements.

HOLLIS BOWMAN,
THOS. W. BALDWIN,
WILLIAM ARNOLD,
Assessors of Bangor.
Bangor, April 1, 1867. (Times copy)

NOTICE.

THE Directors of the Mattawamkeag Log Driving Company, hereby notify all owners of Logs on the Mattawamkeag River and its tributaries, that the first and second drives will be taken from the Jellerson Boom; the third drive from the Ox-Bow Boom Drew dead waters; and all logs designed for the above named drives must be driven to the rear of the jams in said Booms.

The Directors of said Company have employed Alexander McLain for foreman of said drives.

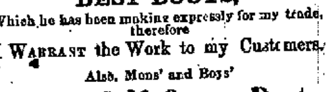
C. D. BRYANT, Clerk.
Bangor, April 6th, 1867. d1w—1tw

SPRING STYLES

—OF—

LADIES', MISSES' & CHILDRENS',

Boots and Shoes.



JUST received from BREED & CO., of Portland, the largest and most reliable Manufacturers in the State of Maine, a large variety of his

BEST BOOTS,

Which he has been making expressly for my trade, therefore

I WARRANT the Work to my Customers.

Also, Mens' and Boys'

French Calf Opera Boots,

MADE ON THE PLUMER LAST.

Mens' & Boys' Oxford Ties.

Also, Boys' and Children's

HATS & CAPS,

OF THE LATEST STYLE.

Just received and for sale at

STUBBS',

No. 4 MAIN STREET,
april 1. tf UNDER THE HATCH HOUSE.

Are You Insured?

National Insurance Co.,

BOSTON,

J. B. FOSTER & CO., Agents.

YONKERS & NEW YORK INSURANCE COMPANY,

J. B. FOSTER & CO., Agt's.
March 4th, 1867.

Hoyt's Illuminating Oil.

A NEW ILLUMINATING OIL.—The best and safest oil for burning in the household, is the new Illuminating Oil, secured to Mr. Edwin Hoyt, of Stamford, by caveat filed at Washington. Its advantages over kerosene are at once apparent and those who are accustomed to burn kerosene will be glad to know that they will no longer be exposed to danger by its explosive nature. The new oil has neither smoke nor does it emit a disagreeable odor, and will give a more brilliant light than any other known chemical. We have seen it in use and would recommend some enterprising man to purchase the right for this vicinity.—*Bridgeport Standard.*

[COPY.]

OFFICE OF STATE ASSAYER,
PORTLAND, Me., March 6th, 1867.

This is to certify that I have this day tested a sample of "*Hoyt's Improved Illuminating Oil.*" The Oil was treated as in all other trials which I have made of similar substances.

At 110° flame was applied to the mouth of the tube, but there was not sufficient evolution of vapor to support combustion. At 150° the fluid was boiling, and the vapors burned tranquilly and gently.

The result of this test would indicate that the Oil in question is a safe preparation for use in families for household illumination.

(signed) H. T. CUMMINGS, Assayer.
apr 3

TRAVELLERS' LIFE & ACCIDENT Insurance Company,

HARTFORD, CONN.

Best in the World

THIS Company issues LIFE POLICIES for less money, and on terms less complex, than any other Company.

Also insures against ACCIDENTS OF ALL KINDS on most favorable terms.

JOHN S. CHADWICK, AGENT.
apr 6 3m

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE Copartnership heretofore existing between Charles H. Riggs and John F. Bickford, under the name of RIGGS & BICKFORD, is this day dissolved. All persons indebted to said firm are requested to make immediate payment, and all persons having demands against said firm, are requested to present the same for settlement.

CHARLES H. RIGGS.
Milford, April 2, 1867. apr 3 3td

Extra Clear & Mess Pork, AND LARD,

100 BBLS. EXTRA CLEAR PORK,
50 do MESS do,
50 do LEAF LARD,
50 Half Barrels LEAF LARD.

Just received from Milwaukie, and for sale.
E. H. DALE & CO.
apr 3

FOGG & BRIDGES,

Manufacturers' Agents for

ZINC WASH BOARDS,

Are prepared to supply the CITY TRADE at

FACTORY PRICES.

[illegible]

Notice to Mill Owners and Millwrights.

Improved Lever Pressure Centre Vent.

ECONOMIZING

WATER WHEEL!

Invented and Patented by W. E. Close,
BANGOR, MAINE.

THE Subscribers would ask the attention of Mill Owners, and others interested in Water Wheels, to their *Patent Centre Vent Wheels*, manufactured at T. N. Egery's Foundry.

The great demand for these wheels have made it necessary for the proprietors to add several more sizes to their former list, and their arrangements are now such that they can generally fill an order in one day after it is received.

We claim superiority over other Wheels for various reasons, the chief of which is the economical use of Water. Trials of these Wheels the past season have demonstrated the fact that they will do the same work with one half the water required for any other Wheel used on the Penobscot River.

Second.—The amount of water vented upon the wheel is self-regulated by a device embodied in the Patent; hence when the Saw is out of the cut, or the labor is in any way decreased, the speed of the wheel remains the same, thereby avoiding shocks to the machinery, and those break-downs which result from the sudden acceleration of speed, when the wheel does not regulate itself.

Third.—This is an anti-freezing Wheel; by a patented arrangement, that trouble in wheels run in Northern climates is avoided. This Wheel needs no "cutting out;" it never freezes.

Fourth.—It is equally well adapted to both horizontal and vertical Shafts; it is cheaper than any other wheel, and can be readily applied to any old wooden or iron shaft, without change of gearing.

By using this Wheel, a large majority of Mills can run double the time that they now do, for the reason that it can run with half the water required for any other; hence all those owning Mills on streams where the water is limited, will see the advantage of using these Wheels.

FREEDOM, January 28th, 1867.

Messrs. Dinsmore & Close:—Gents—I have removed from my Saw Mill a Rose Water Wheel, and put instead one of your Patent Water Wheels of five feet diameter, made at T. N. Egery's foundry in Bangor. I am driving with it under eleven feet head a single Saw, and haul up with but one hundred and ten and a half (110½) inches of water, let on to the wheel through a spout measuring six and a half (6½) inches by seventeen (17) at the pitch. I have not let on to the wheel over one half of that amount, and I am pleased to say that I can saw more than twice as much lumber, and my saw goes much quicker and stronger than it did with the Rose Wheel, with all the water I could get on to it.

I cheerfully recommend your wheel to all who may be in want of wheels, especially upon privileges where the amount of water is limited.

Respectfully yours, ELLIOT H. BANTON.

GREENFIELD, Nov. 12th, 1866.

Messrs. Dinsmore & Close:—This is to certify that I have been using one of your seven feet Water Wheels in place of a Stearns' Wheel, removed; and after a thorough trial I am satisfied I can do the same amount of work with one quarter the amount of water, formerly used with the Stearns' Wheel.

The water is let on the wheel through a trunk 9 inches wide and 17 inches high, measuring 153 square inches of water; but I do not consider that I use more than one half that amount direct from the flume. Yours, &c., R. L. McFARLAND.

HAMPDEN, March 22d, 1867.

Messrs. Dinsmore & Close:—I have this winter removed from my mill a Tub Wheel, and put instead of it one of your seven feet wheels to drive a Double Lath Mill and Cutting-off Saw, to saw laths from round stuff.

I have seven feet head when the tide is down, and at high water in a high course of tides, the water rises four feet over the top of the wheel, thus giving only three feet head; and I am pleased to say that with the amount of back water the wheel drives all my saws fully up to speed, and gives abundance of power to do all the work the saws are capable of doing. The wheel gives perfect satisfaction, and I cheerfully recommend it to all who may be in want of wheels, especially where the supply of water is short, or where there is back water.

Respectfully yours, S. F. LEIGHTON.

BRADLEY, March 25th, 1867.

Messrs. Dinsmore & Close:—We have in our mill, at this place, a 5 feet 9 inch Wheel of your make, and are driving with it a Double Lath Mill and Cutting off Saw, making laths out of round timber, which requires a great deal of power.

Your wheel furnishes ample power, and drives the saws up to speed; and we consider it does not use more than one half the amount of water that is required for the best wheel we have ever seen before, and cheerfully recommend it as the best wheel we have ever seen. Very respectfully yours,

ESTABROOK & COMINS.

BRADLEY, March 18th, 1867.

Messrs. Dinsmore & Close:—We have the past winter put into our mill a 5 feet 9 inch Close Patent Water Wheel, to drive a Double Lath Mill and Cutting-off Saw, and are pleased to say it gives all the power the inventor claimed for it. It drives our saws all up to speed and gives a large surplus of power, and does not use more than one half the amount of water of any other wheel we have ever used.

We take pleasure in recommending these wheels as the best and most economical in the use of water of any we have ever seen.

Yours truly, A. A. BLACKMAN & CO.

BANGOR, Sept. 21, 1866.

Messrs. Dinsmore & Close:—Gents—Having put in operation, in our new Saw Mill at West Great Works, Oldtown, one of your new patent Mill Wheels, manufactured at Egery's foundry in this city, and fully tested it, we take pleasure in saying that it more than meets our expectations. We are now driving with it, under a nine and one-half feet head, one Clapboard, Sapping, and Shingle machines; Shingle jointer and two Cutting-off saws, with but 204 inches of water, admitted or let on to the wheel through a trunk or spout measuring 12 inches wide and 17 inches high. Its operation gives us entire satisfaction, and we consider it superior to any other wheel within our knowledge, and cheerfully recommend it to those in want of wheels.

W. H. SMITH,
WM. T. PEARSON,
BANGOR, Sept. 21, 1866.

Having witnessed the operation of the above Water Wheel, in the mills of Messrs. Smith & Pearson at West Great Works, also in the mills of Messrs. Copeland, in Holden, and in Messrs. Comins' mill, in Bradley, both driving a 5½ inch circular saw mill, I can with full confidence recommend them as possessing and combining qualities for power, economy in water, regularity of speed, and cheapness of construction, over any other water wheel known to me.

THOS. N. EGERY.

NEWPORT, Sept. 24th, 1866.

Messrs. Dinsmore & Close:—Gents—This may certify that I assisted the past summer in putting into the West Great Works mills at Oldtown, for Messrs. Smith & Pearson, one of your Patent Water Wheels, of seven feet diameter, made at T. N. Egery's foundry, and am pleased to say that in my opinion it requires for its successful operation the least quantity of water of any wheel I have ever seen, and I cheerfully recommend it to all who may be in want of wheels, especially upon privileges where the amount of water is limited.

J. C. CHANDLER, Millwright.

WEST GREAT WORKS, Oldtown, Sept. 26, 1866.

Having as millwright, under the direction of Messrs. Smith & Pearson, charge of the erection of their new saw mills at this place, in which one of Close's Patented Water Wheels has been put in operation, I fully concur in the opinion given by Messrs. Smith & Pearson and Mr. Egery, as to the merits of said wheel.

DAVID GATCHELL, Master Millwright.

BRADLEY, July, 27, 1866.

Messrs. Dinsmore & Close:—Gentlemen—We have lately removed from our saw mill a wooden Centre Vent water wheel and put instead one of your Patent Water Wheels, and after a thorough trial we are satisfied that we can drive our Rotary saw, Edger and Trimmer saws, and haul up with one half the amount of water we used with our wooden Centre Vent wheel, which we have always considered, and know to be a very economical wheel, on a privilege where the amount of water is limited.

We take pleasure in recommending your wheels to all who use water wheels, especially to such as have a limited supply of water.

Respectfully yours, J. W. & J. M. COMINS.

HOLDEN, April 13th, 1866.

Messrs. Dinsmore & Close:—This may certify that I have lately removed from my saw mill a "Brastow Water Wheel," and put instead one of your Water Wheels, and after a thorough trial am satisfied that I can saw twice the amount of lumber I formerly sawed, and use not more than one-third the amount of water used with the Brastow Wheel, which wheel I have always considered a very economical one, on a privilege where the amount of water was limited.

And I take pleasure in recommending your Wheel to all who use water wheels, and especially to such as have a limited supply of water.

THOMAS B. COPELAND.

I concur in the above statement.
CHARLES COPELAND.

PRICE OF WHEELS.

7	feet diam.	24 inch	Bucket for Iron Shaft,		$190 00
7	"	18	"	"	160 00
7	"	24	"	" wooden shft	190 00
7	"	18	"	"	160 00
6	"	24	"	"	177 50
6	"	18	"	"	158 00
6	"	24	"	" iron	175 00
5 9-12	"	18	"	" iron	155 00
5 7-12	"	18	"	" iron or wd'n	155 00
5	"	24	"	"	185 00
5	"	18	"	"	145 00
4	"	24	"	"	135 00
4	"	18	"	"	125 00

For full particulars, address or apply to the Proprietors of the Patents, or examine the Wheels, at the Foundry of T. N. EGERY, at Bangor, where they are manufactured.

J. T. DINSMORE,
W. E. CLOSE, Proprietors.
Bangor, Me., April 8, 1867.

Something New.

HARRIS'

Seamless Kid Gloves!

FULL LINE IN BLACK & COLORS.

The only place to buy them is at

Stone & Daggett's,
mch 15 No. 2 Main Street.

New Spring Goods.

Just Received by J. P. Bass, SPLENDID

HOOP SKIRTS,

[illegible] ALL LENGTHS AND SIZES. [illegible]

TO LET

FOR SALE BY

J. B. FOSTER & CO.,

44 West Market Square.
March 18th, 1867

House for Sale.

A two story House, in good repair, No. 71 Cumberland Street, with good water, Stable, &c., &c. Will be sold at a bargain. Enquire on the premises.
feb 26 7w* S. S. MITCHELL.

THE BANGOR HOUSE.

FOR RENT FOR A TERM OF YEARS, commencing the first day of May next, that well known, large, first class Hotel, THE BANGOR HOUSE, Bangor, Maine.

Apply to GILBERT ATTWOOD, No. 14 Merchants' Exchange, Boston, or to JOHN S. RICKER, Mercantile Bank, Bangor.
Bangor, February, 1867. f13 tf

Genteel Residence for Sale.

Being about to leave the city, the subscriber offers for sale his desirable BRICK RESIDENCE on State Street, together with the large adjoining lots—in all about two acres. The house is roomy and convenient, is in a healthy location, fine neighborhood, has excellent garden with choice fruit trees; good stable, &c., &c. It is a very desirable situation. Apply soon.
nov 29 S. J. MURPHY.

In the absence of Mr. MURPHY, please call upon J. B. FOSTER & CO, Comm. Mcht's, 44 West Market Square.

DR. JENNINGS,

OCULIST AND AURIST,

HAVING met with eminent success in his practice in Fall River and New Bedford, for over two years, in removing Cataracts, Ulcers, Inflammation, and other diseases from the eye—in restoring hearing, &c., has taken Rooms Nos. 28 and 30 at the Bangor House, where he will be happy to render his professional services to all those afflicted with the above complaints. As he brings undoubted proofs of his ability to perform whatever he advertises the public can depend that he will not take any one under his care or practice without benefiting or curing.

Below are a few of the numerous certificates he is constantly receiving:

DR. JENNINGS—*Dear Sir:*—For the benefit of others, I wish to state, that some sixteen months since, Mrs. Thurston received an injury in the eye, which caused an obstinate inflammation, much suffering, impaired the sight, and feared might destroy it altogether. We employed various remedies, consulted a distinguished Oculist, of Boston, but all without permanent relief. A few weeks ago we consulted you, and by your treatment the inflammation has been reduced, the pain relieved, the sight restored, with every present prospect of a permanent cure. We have every reason to think and speak well of your treatment in the case.

REV. E. THURSTON.
Fall River, Sept. 18, 1865.

P.S. Any reference to me, I shall be most happy to answer by mail or otherwise.

State of Mass., Bristol Co., Fall River.

I take this method of expressing my gratitude to Dr. J. M. Jennings for his successful treatment in the case of my daughter, whose eyes had been afflicted for five years; so much so they had become ulcerated; also the formation of cataracts upon both the eyes, which had nearly destroyed her sight; she had been under the treatment of others, who had failed to help her. It is now five years since she commenced the treatment, and in six months was entirely cured. I would cheerfully recommend him to all thus afflicted. WM. V. HUNTSMAN.
Fall River, August 2d, 1865.

This may certify that I am acquainted with Dr. Jennings, and his system of treating deafness and loss of eye-sight. I am using his remedies for deafness. So far as I have seen, the benefit resulting from those who have been under his treatment, I feel no hesitation in recommending it to those who are suffering from the above diseases.

DR. I. FISKE.

To DR. JENNINGS, Room 35 Parker House.

For the benefit of others—I wish to state, that less than three weeks ago my daughter could scarcely see to read at all, was troubled with noises in her head, and was dull of hearing; for a long time has been troubled with a bad humor in and about her head, also subject to the headache for years. I called on Dr. Jennings at the Parker House; he said he could help her, and commenced treatment. The improvement in her case has been great, much more than I could have expected, in so short a time. She can now see to read the finest print, her hearing is fast, and her humor is fast disappearing, and she has been entirely cured of the headache.

The afflicted should not fail to see the man who has done so much for me.

N. P. BRIGHTMAN,
[Of the firm of Wood, Brightman & Co.]
New Bedford, May 2, 1866.

Office hours from 8 to 12, and 1½ to 4½ o'clock.
mch 22

TIME BY TRANSIT.

JOHN OSBORN,

No. 24 West Market Square,

AGENT FOR

CHRONOMETERS, WATCHES,

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NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS.

Special attention to the repairing, rating, letting and safe keeping of Chronometers.

Also, Jules Jergensen and Charles Frodsham WATCHES, furnished at short notice.

Watches, Clocks, and Nautical Instruments, repaired. apr 2 d&wtf

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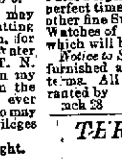

The REGULATOR, at No. 3 Smith's Block, is now running on a very fine rate, serving as a reliable TEST for those having nice watches. I shall make it a speciality to keep and furnish the finest grades of WATCHES, such as the Jules Jergensen and Charles Frodsham, the most perfect time-keepers that are made. Also, many other fine Swiss and English Watches, & American Watches of all grades, in Gold and Silver Cases, which will be sold at lowest prices.

Notice to Ship Masters and Owners. Chronometers furnished at short notice on the most reasonable terms. All kinds of Watches repaired and warranted by WALTER F. WEEKS.
mch 28 No. 3, Smith's Block.

THROUGH TICKETS!

TO ALL PARTS OF THE

WEST!

$6 LESS

Than by any other Route, from Maine to all Points West, via the

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY!

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Tickets at Lowest Rates

Via Boston, New York Central, Buffalo and Detroit.

For information apply at Grand Trunk Agents, or at 22 West Market Square.

WM. FLOWERS, Eastern Agent.
Dec. 21, 1866

United States Army.

RECRUITING SERVICE.

ABLE-BODIED, UNMARRIED MEN, between the ages of 21 and 35, and not less than five feet five inches high, are wanted, for the United States Army.

Recruiting Rendezvous at the corner of Main and Broad streets, where full particulars can be had.

Veterans who served honorably in the late war, and were wounded in the line of their duty, will be enlisted for the Veteran Reserve Corps, provided they are found on medical inspection, fit for garrison and other light duty.

Satisfactory evidence of honorable discharge and of having been wounded, will be required.

M. A. COCHRAN,
Capt. 16th Inf. and Brvt. Maj. U. S. A., Recruiting Officer.
Bangor, March 22, 1867.

FLOUR.

1000 BARRELS.—the best of St. Louis and Southern Illinois.
500 BARRELS—the best of Western Extras and Supers.

Corn and Meal.

EXTRA, CLEAR AND MESS PORK.

LOW FOR CASH AT WHOLESALE.

Please call and examine before purchasing.

WALTER BROWN & SON,
Jan 17 114 and 115 Exchange Street

DOOR PLATES.

NEW PATTERN DOOR PLATES.
mch 22 1m W. H. & C. O. SAWTELLE.

Rubber Cloth,

RUBBER WAGON BOOTS, ENAMEL MUSLIN DRILL AND DUCK.
W. H. & C. O. SAWTELLE,
mch 22 1m No. 8 Central Street.

Store for Sale,

Connected with DWELLING HOUSE and STABLE, in the village of Dover and Foxcroft, in Piscataquis County, which is to be the terminus of the Bangor and Piscataquis Rail Road.

Enquire of J. C. WHITE, Bangor, in regard to the amount of business that can be done at this place. [illegible]
Dover, March 25, 1867. [illegible]

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THE BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

[illegible]

[illegible] Portion.

Long did I toil, and knew no earthly rest;
Far did I rove, and found no certain home;
At last, sought them in his sheltering breast,
Who [illegible] the weary come;
With him I found a home, a rest divine;
And, since then I am his, and he is mine.

Yes! he is mine! and naught of earthly things.
Not all the charms of pleasure, wealth, or power,
The fame of heroes, or the pomp of kings,
Could tempt me to forego his love one hour.
Go, worthless world, I cry, with all that's thine!
Go! I my Saviour's am, and he is mine.

The good I have is from his stores supplied;
The ill is only what he deems the best;
He is for my Friend, I'm rich with naught beside;
And poor without him, though of all possest;
Changes may come: I take, or I resign;
Content while I am his, while he is mine.

Whate'er my change, in him no change is seen;
A glorious sun, that wanes not nor declines;
Above the clouds and storms he walks serene;
And sweetly on his people's darkness shines;
All may depart; I fret not, nor repine,
While my Saviour's am, while he is mine.

He stays me falling, lifts me up when down,
Recla ms me wandering, guards from every foe;
Plants on my worthless brow the victor's crown,
Which, in return, before his feet I throw,
Grieved that I cannot better grace his shrine,
Who deigns to own me his, as he is mine.

While here, alas! I know but half his love,
But half discern him, and but half adore;
But when I meet him in the realms above,
I hope to love him better, praise him more,
And feel, and tell, amid the choir divine,
How fully I am his, and he is mine.

SELF-TRUST.

BY HORACE GREELEY.

When I was nine years old, there unexpected y appeared, one day, in my father's humble farm-house, the clergymen, doctor, lawyer, and perhaps one or two other magnets of our New England rural township, who addressed my father to this effect:

'Your older son is so promising a student so easy and rapid a learner, that we think he should have a better education than our common schools can give him. We propose, therefore, that he be sent to Philips' Academy, and thence to college; and we offer, should you choose to entrust him to us, to see that he is thoroughly schooled, without expense to you.

My poor but proud parents responded with thanks, but decided that they would give their children all the schooling they could afford and this might suffice them.

Among the many things for which I have cause for filial gratitude, I accord a high place to this decision. True had they accepted this generous proffer, I should have learned much that I still urgently need to know; for I never was, even for a day, a pupil in any seminary higher or other than a very common school: but I prize the independence thus secured far above the learning which it would have dearly purchased. I would like to read Homer and Æschylus, Plato and Demosthenes, in their native tongue; but not at the cost of owing my ability to read them to the bounty of some sect or educational society, who would reasonably expect of me the championship of its dogmas in return. I would not be bound even by the silken ligaments of gratitude, to what seems to me the truth of to-day, if I the say be rendered ever disinclined to accept, and welcome the deeper truth that may dawn on my apprehension to-morrow.

The prevalent laxity of fibre on this point is one of our gravest perils. It indicates a serious and I fear a growing defect of national character. Every one wishes to rise—which is natural, and perhaps laudable; but the great majority aspire to rise, not by natural elasticity, nor yet by arduous personal effort, but by clinging to the skirts of some one else. Some rich uncle or generous brother, some wealthy friend or free-handed philanthropist, is expected or at least desired, to inflate the balloon whereby the fond aspirant hopes to be floated over the heads of the multitude into an asylum of wealth or power. Our youth are generally ambitious; but the crown of simple leaves which so richly rewarded the long preparation, the abstinence and thorough training, of the victor in the Grecian games, would have little attraction in their eyes. They aspire rather to clutch quickly and easily those material advantages which are blessings to those only who have worthily, laboriously achieved them. They covet the sudden though doubtful gains of speculation rather than the slow but sure reward of useful industry. They aspire to be wealthy first and useful (if ever) afterward, and mistakenly fancy that, if an unearned fortune were somehow showered upon them, they would excite God's astonished admiration by devoting a tithe of it to some unselfish, beneficent use. Give them the fortune to-day, and they would soon conclude that a tithe of a tithe is all they could spare for any philanthropic aim; and they would grudge even that.

We all know men who 'began the world with nothing,' and have now all that heart could wish. We know sons of such who, beginning with everything, (we say,) soon ran it down to nothing. But we harshly misjudge them. They did not begin with everything. The mainspring of a noble career was wanting. Their youthful experiences were directly calculated to imbue them with the false notion that it is the sum of life to eat and drink luxuriously, dress sumptuously, and ride, sail, or dance abundantly: that is a man's chief end to gratify his physical appetites and revel in sensual delights; Thus blinded and miseducated, they were from childhood impelled on the road to ruin and may largely blame their infatuated parents or guardians for their swift descent to perdition.

The first great truth to be impressed on every unfolding mind, is the inexorability of retribution. Drive out nature with a pitchfork, they say, and she will surely come in again; but retribution will not be driven out. Like to like; so much for so much, pain and woe the inevitable shadow of evil doing—such is the elemental law of the universe, as vital and operative to-day, on this earth, in our homes, as ever on any planet that has revolved, any sun that ever shone. There are sufferings which result from other sins than those of the sufferer; but no one ever did a wrong, and escaped or evaded the penalty. 'In the day thou eatest thereof, thou shalt surely die!' which does not by any means imply that you shall not be alive and well on the morrow.

But may no one ever seek aid from others?

Yes, verily! If you are ignorant, seek knowledge; if unskilled and inefficient, seek ability and dexterity in whatever sphere of useful effort shall seem to you most inviting. But seek these, with every other good as equivalents for services rendered not as alms. Say to the teacher, the craftsman, 'You have wisdom that I need; but I have young, elastic sinews, that may be made useful to you. I propose to give and take on terms of mutual advantage: what shall they be?' What you need is not Charity, but opportunity; and if this is not afforded on terms of reciprocal benefit in one direction, resolve to seek it in another. Better live and die an independent cobbler, than any great man's satellite.

The darkest day in any man's earthly career, is that wherein he first fancies that there is some easier way of gaining a dollar than by squarely earning it. No matter whether he acquires it by beggary, by theft or any fashion of gambling, that man is fearfully demoralized who, looking at the dollar in his palm, says, 'that came easier than if I had earned it by honest labor.' He has lost the clue to his way through this mortal labyrinth, and must henceforth wander as chance may dictate. To his distorted apprehension, the universe has become a gaming table, and life a succession of ventures on the red and black. His prospects of winning thereat, in the long run, are miserable enough.

I am pained to hear any one say, of the wisest and best man living, 'I pin my faith to him.' [illegible] Mr [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] Mr. George A. Shufeldt, Jun., replies that there are water from underground rivers. He calls attention to the fact that the surface tributaries of the great lakes will hardly [illegible] the year [illegible] of the atmospheric absorption and evaporation. Yet the lakes are of immense size, and constantly discharge vast quantities of water through their outlets, Sault [illegible], Mackinaw, etc, without [illegible]. Hence, as there are no [illegible] sources of supply above the surface, we must look for them beneath it.

That the crust of the earth is full of water courses is a familiar fact. Illustrations are found in the Mammoth Cave, the Adelsburg Mountains in Switzerland, the lost rivers on our prairies, and the artesian wells which are now becoming numerous in Europe and in our own country. At Passy, the auger struck an amazing stream of water eighteen hundred feet below the surface which discharged nearly six millions of gallons per day, rushing to the surface with great power and velocity. This is strong evidence, certainly, of a great underground stream at this point. The great wells of Kissengen, in Bavaria, at Munden, in Hanover, at Louisville, in Kentucky, Charleston, South Carolina, are two thousand feet deep, discharging great volumes of water—all tend to demonstrate the fact that the crust of the earth is penetrated in all depths with these streams and water courses.

At this point of the argument, Mr. Shufeldt asks his readers to turn to the map of North America and note particularly the point where the thirty-second degree of west longitude crosses the forty-fourth parallel of north latitude. Within a radius of five hundred miles, of which this is the center, will be found the great water producing region of the West. In this elevated and comparatively uneven surface of the country nearly all the great rivers of the West have their sources and fountain heads. First the Missouri, with its innumerable branches and tributaries, among which are the Yellowstone and North Fork of the Platte, the Arkansas, the Red River, the Rio Grande, all flowing from the eastern and southern slopes of the Rocky Mountains, and finding their way through thousands of miles of country to the Gulf of Mexico. On the western slope is the Rio Colorado, which empties into the Gulf of California, and which is formed by the union of the Grand and Green rivers, the sources of which are also within the territory above mentioned. The same statement is true of the Columbia River, flowing through the State of Oregon into the Pacific, and of the other great streams and rivers which flow northward and westward into the pacific and Northern oceans. Hence, then, we have a radius from which a system of rivers proceeds in all directions but one. On the other side of the great lakes there is no surface river of any size. Mr. Shufeldt puts this fact and the equally unquestionable one of the existence of the lakes together, and constructs his theory that the lakes are fed by subterranean members of this river system, which find inlets at different points on the bottoms of the lakes, and maintain the supply, with as much certainty and regularity as if the streams were running on the surface of the ground.

BEAUTIFUL INCIDENT. A young man ran away from the galleys at Toulouse. He was strong and vigorous, and soon made his way across the country and escaped pursuit. He arrived the next morning before a cottage in an open field, and stopped to beg something to eat, and get a refuge while he reposed a little. But he found the inmates of the cottage in the greatest distress. Four little children sat trembling in the corner, their mother sat weeping and tearing her hair, and the father was walking the floor in agony. The galley slave asked what was the matter, and the father replied that they were that morning turned out of doors because they could not pay their rent.

'You see me driven to despair,' said the father, my wife and little children without food and shelter, and I without means to provide for them.'

The convict listened to the tale with tears of sympathy, and said:

'I will give you the means. I have but just escaped from the galleys. Whosoever brings back an escaped prisoner is entitled to a reward of fifty francs. How much does your rent amount to?'

'Forty francs,' answered the father.

'Well,' said the other, 'put a cord around my body. I will follow you to the city where they will recognize me, and you will get fifty francs for bringing me back.'

'No never,' exclaimed the astonished listener, 'my children would starve a dozen times before I would do so base a thing.'

The generous man insisted, and declared he would go and give himself up if the father would not consent to take him.

After a long struggle the latter yielded, and taking his preserver by the arm, led him to the city, and to the mayor's office. Everybody was surprised to see a little man like the father who had been able to capture such a strong fellow; but the proof was before them. The fifty francs were paid, and the prisoner sent back to the galleys. But after he was gone, the father asked a private interview with the mayor, to whom he told the whole story. The mayor was so much affected, that he not only added fifty francs to the father's purse, but wrote immediately to the Minister of Justice begging the young prisoner's release.

The minister examined into the affair, and finding that it was a comparatively small offence which had condemned the young man to the galleys, and that he had already served out half his time, ordered his release.

WAITING FOR STRANGERS. Referring to the preparations in Paris for the 'Exposition of all Nations' the correspondent of the N. Y. Post sends a good thing:

Le Figaro presents the following sketch as an appropriate subject for a vaudeville, that might be entitled 'The Stranger,' after the famous German drama. The performance may be in three or five or seven acts, according to the fecundity of the writer or the patience of the audience, but the gist of the plot should be as follows:

The scene represents a stranger. In the rear of the stage is a travelling blanket; at the right a bandbox, valises, bags, with rolls, cold chickens, and all the essentials for a rail road journey. In the first act the stranger is discovered walking about alone, and seeming to regret his native land. Suddenly start out from both sides at once some men, with their faces muffled in comforters. (It is springtime, but it is also Paris.)

'It is he! It is the stranger!'

And they precipitate themselves upon the defenceless man.

'Gentleman,' he faintly observes, 'take what you please, but spare my life. I see that I was told the truth when I heard that Paris was a city filled with robbers.'

We are not robbers, but tradespeople, which is not necessarily the same thing. You are a stranger. For two months we have been ruining ourselves in waiting for you, and now you must reimburse us. I am going to measure you for a pair of pantaloons.'

'And I for a flannel waistcoat.'

'And I for a pair of boots.'

'But, gentlemen——'

'Not a word, or you are a dead man. The street is deserted, your cries would not be heard. We have our yardsticks about us. You had better submit quietly and reasonably.'

The stranger submits. But as his tormentors finally draw off, he sends after them the following remark:

'I think, my fine fellows, you have been well taken in. I am a stranger, it is true, only I am a simple sufferer from Naples, who has come to Paris to sing in the streets during the Exhibition!'

[illegible]

[illegible]

of a twopenny earthen vessel, with a pewter spoon [illegible], one morning, on going down to breakfast, he found upon the table a beautiful china bowl, from which his bread and milk was steaming, with a silver spoon by its side, which had cost a sum equal in our currency to ten dollars. When he expressed his astonishment at this unwonted splendor, Mrs. Franklin only remarked, that she thought her husband deserved a silver spoon and china bowl as well as any of his neighbors.

Franklin prospered in his business until he became the most famous editor and most flourishing printer in America, which gave him the pleasure of relieving his wife from the cares of business, and enabled him to provide for her a spacious and well furnished abode. She adorned a high station as well as she had borne a lowly one, and presided at her husband's liberal table as gracefully as when he ate his breakfast of bread and milk from a twopenny bowl.—James Parton.

HOW TO WHITTLE. Only this morning I sat in the depot, waiting for the train. There had been an accident on the road below and scattered the wood around in a very crooked way, so that the passenger train could not get by, and so we had to wait, and wait wearily while. Some folks read their papers, some spent their time in making the air bad with vile tobacco smoke. But there was one boy, with a shy face and a discouraged look that sat and whittled. He did not cut his stick all to pieces, as some people do when they whittle, but he carved out two little sled runners, two inches and a half long, and then made cross pieces, and fitted them in the runners by dovetailing. Then he whittled a round piece, and bored small holes in the front end of each runner, and inserted the ends of the round piece. The sled, when completed was a very neat piece of workmanship, and soon attracted the attention of the gentleman in the depot. It came out that the boy was looking for a place to work for his 'board and clothes.' Everybody was pleased with the sled. He had but seventy-five cents, and with this he was going to the great city. One gentleman gave him some money. Another offered him a week's work. Finally, a gentleman inquired his history, and found that he was the son of a widow, and did not want to be a burden to his mother. This last gentleman gave him a place in his own family, to work in summer, and go to school in winter.

And so the boy whittled himself into a situation. He made something. It is a first-rate rule to always make something. Have some object, even in whittling. The sled stands on my desk while I write, and I mean to keep it, and watch the boy till I see whether he will not whittle his way to success in life.

THE WAY SMITHSON GOT MARRIED. Mr. Smithson (an improvement on the celebrated name of Smith) wished to take Miss Brownly (another improvement) to the opera. He had been on terms of intimacy with the family for above five years, but had 'never spoken of love;' on the contrary, he had frequently declared his intention of leading a bachelor's life. One morning he put his hand to the bell handle and was admitted. 'Oh, James,' exclaimed Miss Jane, 'where have you kept yourself so long?'

This took Smithson a little aback, for he had spent the preceding evening with the family. Before he could answer, however, Jane's brothers and sisters (ten in number) had gathered about him. Summoning all his courage, he said:

'I have come to ask you—'

'Not here, James—now—oh!'

'That is,' stammered Smithson, 'if you are not engaged—'

'Oh! oh! water—quick.'

'What's that?' inquired her father 'who says she is engaged?'

'I didn't mean—' said Smithson in confusion.

'Of course not,' continued Mr. Brownly; 'you've always been our favorite!'

Then advancing and taking poor Smithson's hand he said:

'Take her, she is a good girl, and loves you to distraction. May you both be as happy as the day is long.'

Thereupon father, mother and children crowded around Smithson and wished him joy and company coming in at the moment, the affair was told to them as a profound secret. So Smithson got a wife without popping the question, a most before he knew it himself. But we cannot help thinking he was hurried into matrimony.

Anecdote and Sentiment.

A waggish journalist, who is often merry over his personal plainness, tells this story of himself:—"I went to a drug store early the other morning for a dose of morphine for a sick friend. The night clerk objected to giving it to me without a prescription, evidently fearing I meant to destroy myself.—'Pshaw,' said I, 'do I look like a man who would kill himself?' Gazing at me steadily for half a minute, he replied: 'I don't know. Seems to me if I looked like you I should be greatly tempted to kill myself.'"

During a steam voyage, or a sudden stoppage of the machinery, considerable alarm took place, especially among the female passengers. "What is the matter? What is the matter? For heaven's sake tell me the worst!" exclaimed one more anxious than the rest. After a short pause a hoarse voice from the deck replied:—"Nothing, madam, nothing; only the bottom of the vessel and the top of the earth are stuck together."

Printers' errors are sometimes laughable. A young clergyman printed a sermon, the subject of which was the necessity for moderate and rational recreation, in which occurred the passage:—"Men should work and play too." The simple want of a stroke ruined it, and the religious world was scandalized by reading—"Men should work and play oo!"

An irascible old gentleman was taken with sneezing in the cars lately. After sneezing in the most spasmodic manner eight times, he arrested the paroxysm for a moment, and, extricating his handkerchief, he addressed his nasal organ, indignantly saying:—"O, go on—go on—you'll blow your infernal brains out presently."

On the occasion of a dinner at the Bishop of Chester's, Hannah More urged Mr. Johnson to take a little wine. He replied:—"I can't drink a little, child, and therefore I never touch it. Abstinence is as easy to me as temperance would be difficult." Many have not the same courage, and therefore are ruined.

It is not great wealth nor high station which makes a man happy. Many of the most wretched beings on earth have both; but it is a radiant, sunny spirit which knows how to bear little trials and to enjoy little comforts, and which thus extracts happiness from every incident of life.

When the Hindoo priest is about to baptize an infant, he utters the following beautiful sentiment:—"Little babe, thou enterest the world weeping, while all around you smile; contrive so to live that you may depart in smiles while all around you weep."

"For what do you wink at me, sir?" said a beautiful young lady, angrily, to a stranger at a party an evening or two since. "I beg your pardon, madam," replied the wit, "I winked as men do looking at the sun—your splendor dazzled my eyes."

Why would a robber prefer robbing an old man's house to any other? Because his gait (gate) is feeble and his locks are few.

A man in this city has got so deep into debt that not one of his creditors has been able to see him for months.

What is the best recipe for preserving a serene and cheerful temper? Pay the printer in advance.

Husband—Mary, my love, this apple dumpling is not half done. Wife—Well, finish it then, my dear.

In the strike of mechanics a wheelwright should [illegible] spokesman.

When is a drunken man like machinery? When he reels!

When is a stock like a discontented workman? When it strikes.

Why is a [illegible] like a roast goose? [illegible]

[illegible]

Vecchio, over the river, making a promenade of nearly one thousand feet in length, and about twelve feet wide. This long passage has been exclusively reserved for royal footsteps. In these passing centuries the Florentines and strangers have known that such a passage joined the distant palaces, but none knew what treasures of art were there enshrined, or mysterious pleasures would be revealed, if the tide of ordinary humanity were allowed to ebb and flow along its silent pavement. A few months ago, after the present King came into quiet possession of the seat of the late Grand Duke he threw open this long and long-closed gallery to the public; and now a stream of life flows through it daily. For it is rich in stores, the existence of which was quite unknown to the common world. Its walls are hung with Gobelin and other tapestries of surpassing excellence of workmanship—more admired, by many, than the most exquisite paintings. Tables and shelves are loaded with gems of precious stones, mosaics, cameos, and curious coins, and thousands of interesting and rare productions from ancient museums, and former civilizations in this and other lands. And perhaps more to be prized than all else in this unique collection, is an almost endless number of simple sheets of paper, on which are the first sketches of the great works of those mighty sons of genius whose labors we have just been beholding, and of others whose fame has filled the earth.—These are autographs that thrill one, as he thinks that Michael Angelo put, with his own hand, and perhaps his old hand, these lines on this sheet, drew with bold yet cautious strokes this rude outline of a group, which grew in his mind and underneath his touch, till it blazed into a painting that now, when his hand has been dust for three hundred and three years, is still one of the joys of an admiring and appreciative age. And there is scarcely a man whose fame is world-wide, as a painter or sculptor of the last four or five centuries, whose infant works are not preserved under glass in this royal mausoleum of genius.

Midway of the bridge the windows of this hanging gallery are enlarged, and a saloon is furnished with seats where the wearied guest may sit and muse among the present and the past. The Arno flows beneath him. Its swollen waters, confined within walls, rush below the balconies of old palaces, each one of which has a history full of romantic interest.

DANGEROUS PAPER. The London Paper Trade Review says:—"There is a great difference in the combustibility of common paper. Enamelled card paper, on account of its compact body and the presence of mineral matter, white lead or barytes, is quite disinclined to burn; in fact, some kinds are practically fireproof. White writing and printing paper can seldom be lighted by a spark, and when ignited by flame it requires dexterity to keep it burning. On the other hand there is a common reddish yellow paper which, in some circumstances, is as dangerous as gunpowder. It takes fire by the smallest spark and burns like tinder. When once lighted, if left alone, it is sure to be consumed completely. All the yellow and buff paper, out of which envelopes are made partakes more or less of the same character. There is no doubt that such has been the occasion of some of the fires in this country which have been otherwise explained, such as the fires in paper warehouses and offices of professional men. A spark of fire, or the stump of a lighted cigar, falling in a waste basket containing yellow envelopes with other kinds of paper, would have a chance of setting the whole on fire."

Bangor Lumber Market.

Price Current, April 1, 1867.

BOARDS.		LATHS.	
No 2 Dry Pine	$60	Spruce,	$3 00
No 3 do	50	Pine,	3 50
No 4 do	40		
No 2 Green	50	PICKETS.	
No 3 do	40	7 feet Spruce,	$22
No 4 do	30	5 feet clear do	20
Dry Gang Planers,	40 to 45	5 feet No 1 do	14
Green, do	35	4 feet clear do	16
Dry pine shipping	22	4 feet No 1 do	12
Green, do	18 to 20	4 ft clear pine do	20
Green pine poor 4s	12	4 feet do 2 in	15
Green pine scoots,	6	4 feet No 1	10
Dry pine 4s & do,	13	4 feet do 2 in	8
Narrow pine bds	1		
Spruce dimens'ns, random sizes,	1	Hemlock Pek'ts	$8
Spruce frames cut to order,	15 to 26	SHINGLES.	
Spruce boards & 1¼ inch, green,	16	Best Shaved Cedar,	$6 75
Spruce b'rds dry	18	No 2 do	6 25
Green Hemlock Boards,	11 to 12	No 3 do	5 25
		No 4 do	4 50
Green Hemlock Dimensions,	13 to 15	Bertsh'd pine	7 50
		No 2 do	7 00
Dry Hemlock Boards,	13 to 14	No 3 do	6 00
Spruce Scoots,	5	No 4 do	5 50
		Extra Sawed Pine,	5 50
CLAPBOARDS.		No 1 do	3 50 to 4 00
Extra Heart,	$60	Best ex-saw'd Cedar	4 75
Clear,	55		
Extra Sap,	50	No 2 do	4 50
Clear do	46	Best No 1 do	3 75
No 1 do	22 to 25	No 1 do	3 25
Extra Spruce,	28	Ex Spruce do	3 00
Clear do	26	No 1 do	2 50
No 1 do	16 to 18		

Pine Blind Slats 4 feet 8 in long, 2¼ in wide, ⅜ inch thick,	$3 00
Pine Blind Slats 4 feet long, 2⅜ in wide, ⅜ in thick,	7 00
Pine Blind Stiles 4 to 6 ft long, 1¼ in square,	25 00
" Door Stiles 6 to 7 feet long 8 in wide from 1¼ to 1⅜ in thick,	45 00
Pine Door Panels 4 feet long, 10 to 13 in wide, ⅜ inches thick	45 00
Pine Rails from 2 feet 7 in. to 3 ft long, 5, 7½ and 2¼ in wide, 1¼ to 1⅜ in thick,	45 00
Pine Box Slat Ends 4 ft 9 in long, 2½ in wide, 1 in thick,	6 00
Spruce Bed Slats 5 feet 9 in long, 2½ in wide, ¾ inches thick,	5 00
Spruce barrel staves, 2 ft 6 in long, 3 in wide, ¾ in thick,	85c.
Spruce half barrel staves 2 ft long 3 in wide, ⅜ inch thick,	5 00
Spruce barrel syrup staves 34 in long, 3½ and 4½ in wide, ⅜ in thick,	11 00

BALUSTER STUFF.

Clear Spruce 3½ and 4 ft long,	1¼	in square,	$10 00
" " 4 ft 2 in long	1½	in "	12 00
" " 4 ft 6 in long	1⅞	in "	15 00
" " 5 ft	1⅞	in "	18 00
" " 6 ft	1⅞	in "	22 00
" " 8 ft	1½	in "	30 00
" " 10 ft	1½	in "	37 00
" " 12 ft	1¼	in "	42 00

MANUFACTURE THE
MOST POPULAR COLLARS NOW IN USE,
AND FOR
Ease, Elegance of Fit, & Strength of Material
ARE UNSURPASSED.
LEADING STYLES:
"CRESCENT," and "GIPSEY" enamelled.
"LINEN FINISH," which, being *water-proof*, are taking the lead of all others.
"CLIPPER,"—"IMPROVED,"—"MEDAL,"—and "SHAKSPEARE."
Dr. Charles T. Jackson, State Assayer, having certified our collars "*free from all harmful ingredients*,"
BUY NO OTHERS.
For sale by dealers generally.
F. A. HAWLEY & CO.
Manufacturers, Selling Agents and Importers of Men's Furnishing Goods,
18 Otis & 24 Arch Streets, Boston.
apr 1 3taw3w

GREAT DISCOVERY!
ROGERS'
Excelsior Pain Curer!
THE BEST PREPARATION EVER MADE
FOR THE FOLLOWING COMPLAINTS:
ALL NERVOUS & NEURALGIC PAINS,
[illegible] HEADACHE, EARACHE,
STIFF NECK, [illegible]
[illegible] FEVER AND AGUE.
Also invaluable in all cases of
[illegible] AND BRUISES!
[illegible]

WEDDING CARDS
[illegible]

Bangor Post Office.

Post Office open from 7½ A. M. to 8 P. M., and from 8½ to 9 P. M.

Western mail closes at 5 A. M.; North Carmel via Hermon, at 2 P. M., all others close at 9 P. M.

The time of the arrivals and departures is the contract time. There are no arrivals or departures on Sunday.

The North Carmel via Hermon mail arrives and departs on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

Kenduskeag, Brownsville and Greenville offices have a daily mail.

The mail to Dexter via Kenduskeag leaves here Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, and returns Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

The other mails are daily.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

	Arrive.		Departure.	
Western, (arrive at depot)	8	P. M.	7.00	A. M.
Augusta,	9	P. M.	5	A. M.
Calais and St. John,	6	A. M.	9.30	P. M.
Belfast,	9	P. M.	6	A. M.
Ellsworth, Machias &c.,	5	A. M.	9.30	P. M.
Houlton,	5	P. M.	6	A. M.
Castine and Bucksport,	5	P. M.	6	A. M.
Upper Stillwater,	7	P. M.	6	A. M.
Dexter, via Kenduskeag,	7	P. M.	6	A. M.
Brownsville, via Bradford,	7	P. M.	7	A. M.
Greenville, via Monson,	7	P. M.	6	A. M.
North Carmel via Hermon,	12	M.	3	P. M.
Monroe,	10	A. M.	3	P. M.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

ON LETTERS.

Throughout the United States, 3 cents per half ounce or fraction of a half ounce.

To and from the British Provinces, not over 2,500 miles, 10 cents per half ounce.

To same, over 1500 miles, 15 cents per half ounce.

ON NEWSPAPERS—QUARTERLY RATES.

Weekly papers (to actual subscribers) within the county where published—FREE.

Weekly papers, in the State where published, and out of the county, 5 cents per quarter.

Weekly papers to any part of the United States 5 cents per quarter.

Daily papers (or six papers per week) in the State, 30 cents per quarter.

Daily papers out of the State, 30 cents per quarter.

[The above rates apply to papers weighing not over ounces each—and this embraces almost every paper in the United States.]

ON NEWSPAPERS—TRANSIENT RATES.

To any part of the United States—PREPAID.

One package to one address, not exceeding 4 ounces, 2 cents.

Over 4 ounces and not over 8 ounces, 4 cents.
do 8 do do 12 do 6 do
do 12 do do 16 do 8 do

Newspapers must be left open at the ends.

ON BOOKS—BOUND OR UNBOUND.

I not weighing over 4 pounds.

To one address, not exceeding 4 ounces, 4 cents.
Over 4 ounces, and not over 8 ounces, 8 cents.
do 8 do do 12 do 12 do
do 12 do do 16 do 16 do

Rates of Letter Postage to Foreign Countries

To England, Ireland and Scotland, 24 cents per half ounce.

To France and Algeria, by French mail, 15 cents quarter ounce; 30 cents half ounce.

To German States, by Prussian closed mail, 28 cents half ounce.
do by French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.
do by Bremen mail, (except Bremen, Frankfort, Luxemburg, Wurtemburg, Holland, and the Netherlands), 16 cts. hf. oz.
do by Hamburg mail, (except Hamburg, Frankfort, Luxemburg, Wurtemburg, Holland and the Netherlands, 15 cts. half oz.

To Bremen, by Bremen mail, 10 cts half ounce.

To Hamburg, by Hamburg mail, 10 cts. half ounce.

To Frankfort and Wurtemburg, by Bremen mail, 15 cents half ounce.

To Luxemburg, by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 22 cents half ounce.

To Holland and the Netherlands, by French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.

To Hamburg or Bremen 18 cents.

To Austria and its States, by Prussian closed mail, 30 cents half ounce.
do by Bremen and Hamburg mail, 15 cents half ounce.

To Russia, by Prussian closed mail, 35 cents half ounce, if prepaid.
do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 20 cents half ounce.

To Prussia, by Prussian closed mail, 30 cents half ounce.
do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 15 cents half ounce.
do by French mail 21 cents quarter ounce, 42 cents half ounce.

To Sardinian States, by Prussian closed mail, 40 cents half ounce, if prepaid.
do by French mail 21 cents quarter ounce, 42 cents half ounce.
do by Bremen and Hamburg mail, 23 cents half ounce.

To Lombardy, by Prussian closed mail, 40 cents half ounce—prepaid.
do by French mail 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.
do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 15 cents half ounce.

To Parma and Modena, by French mail. 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents hf. oz.
do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 25 cents half ounce.

To Papal States, by Prussian closed mail, 49 cents half ounce, if prepaid.
do by French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.
do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 28 cents half ounce.

To Tuscany, by Prussian closed mail, if prepaid, 40 cents half ounce.
do by French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce: 42 cents half ounce.

To the Two Sicilies, by Prussian closed mail, 47 cts. half ounce—prepaid.
do by French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce 42 cents half ounce.
do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 32 cents half ounce—prepaid.

To Spain, by French mail, 22 cts. quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce—prepaid.
do by British packet, 5 cts. half oz.
do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 25 cents half ounce.

To Portugal, by French mail, 27 cents quarter oz.; 51 cents half ounce—prepaid.
do by British mail, via England, 33 cents quarter ounce.
do by Hamburg or Bremen 25 cents.

To Denmark, by Prussian closed mail, 45 cents half ounce, if prepaid.
do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 18 cents half ounce
do by French mail, 27 cents quarter ounce; 54 cents half ounce.

To Sweden, by Prussian closed mail, 34 cents half ounce, if prepaid.
do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 21 cents half ounce.
do by French mail, 33 cents quarter ounce; 66 cents half ounce.

To Norway, by Prussian closed mail, 38 cents half ounce, if prepaid.
do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 25 cents half ounce.
do by French mail, 33 cents quarter ounce. 66 cents half ounce.

Australia via Panama, 22 cts. ½ ounce, prepaid.
Buenos Ayres, via England 45 cents ½ oz, prepaid.
Messina, Prussian closed mail, 38 cts ½ oz, prepaid.
Montevideo, via England, 45 cts. ½ oz, prepaid.
Africa, West Coast, 33 cents ½ ounce, prepaid.
Brazil, 41 cents half ounce, prepaid.
Canary Islands, via England, 41 cts. ½ oz., prepaid.
Cape Good Hope, via Southampton, 45 cents half ounce, prepaid.
China, via Southampton, 45 cts, ½ oz, prepaid.
East Indies, via Prussian closed mail, 68 cents half ounce, prepaid
Gibraltar, via French mail, 42 cts. ½ oz., prepaid.
Hamburg or Bremen 25 cents.
Mexico, 10 cents half ounce, prepaid.
Nassau, N. P., 5 cents half ounce, prepaid.
Switzerland, Prussian closed mail, 33 ½ oz. prepaid.
Hamburg or Bremen 19 cents.
Turks Island, 10 cents half ounce, prepaid.
Venezuela via Southampton, 45 cts. ½ oz., prepaid.
Wurtemburg, Prussian closed mail, 30 cents.

To West India Islands, (not British,) except Cuba, Turk's Island, Carthagena, Honduras, San Juan (Nicaragua), Santa Martha, Venezuela, and St. Thomas, 34 cents half ounce.

To Canada, New Brunswick, Cape Breton, Prince Edward's Island, Nova Scotia and New Foundland, 10 cents half ounce, when distance is not over 300 miles from line of crossing; and 15 cents half ounce, if distance exceeds 3000 miles.

To Aspinwall and Panama, 10 cents half ounce, when distance does not exceed 2500 miles; and 20 cents if distance exceeds 2500 miles—prepaid.

To Bogota and Buonaventure, New Granada, 18 cents half ounce—prepaid.

To Ecuador, Bolivia and Chili, 34 cents half ounce—prepaid.

To Peru, 22 cents half ounce—prepaid.

To West Indies, British, (except Turk's Island), 10 cents half ounce, if distance does not exceed 2500 miles; and 20 cents half ounce if distance exceeds 2500 miles—prepaid.

To Sandwich Islands, New South Wales and China by mail to San Francisco, thence by private ship, 3 cents half ounce—prepaid.

The postage on letters via Southampton for Victoria, New South Wales, Queensland, Tasmania South Australia, West Australia, and New Zealand, 33 cents per half ounce—prepaid.

NOTE—In all cases where the word *prepaid* is not added, the pre-payment of the postage is optional with the sender.

FELLOWS' ORIGINAL
WORM LOZENGES.

WE can with confidence point to FELLOWS' WORM LOZENGES as the most perfect remedy for those troublesome pests,

INTESTINAL WORMS.

After years of careful experiment, success has crowned our efforts, and we now offer to the world a confection without a single fault, being safe, convenient, effectual and pleasant. No injurious result can occur, let them be used in whatever quantity. Not a particle of calomel enters their composition. They may be used without further preparation, and at any time. Children will eagerly devour all you give them, and ask for more. They never fail in expelling Worms from their dwelling-place, and they will always strengthen the weak and emaciated, even when he is not afflicted with worms.

Various remedies have, from time to time, been recommended, such as calomel, oil of wormseed, turpentine, &c., producing dangerous and sometimes fatal consequences. After much research, study and experiments, and racing several years, the proprietors of Fellows' Worm Lozenges have succeeded in producing this remedy, free from all objections, and positively safe, pleasant and effectual. They do not kill the worms, but act by making their dwelling-place disagreeable to them. In order to assure consumers of the genuineness of [illegible] the analysis of Dr. A. A. Hayes, State Assayer is annexed:

[illegible] have analyzed the Worm Lozenges prepared by [illegible] & CO., and find that they are free from mercury and other metallic or mineral [illegible]. These Lozenges are skilfully compounded, pleasant to the taste, safe, yet sure and effectual in their action. Respectfully, A. A. HAYES, M. D.
Assayer to the State of Mass."

[illegible]

CONSTITUTION WATER.
CONSTITUTION WATER.
CONSTITUTION WATER.
CONSTITUTION WATER.
CONSTITUTION WATER.
CONSTITUTION WATER.
CONSTITUTION WATER.
CONSTITUTION WATER.

THE ONLY REMEDY KNOWN FOR
THE ONLY REMEDY KNOWN FOR
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THE ONLY REMEDY KNOWN FOR
THE ONLY REMEDY KNOWN FOR
THE ONLY REMEDY KNOWN FOR
THE ONLY REMEDY KNOWN FOR
THE ONLY REMEDY KNOWN FOR

DIABETES,

STONE IN THE BLADDER, CALCULUS, GRAVEL, BRICK DUST DEPOSIT, AND MUCOUS OR MILKY DISCHARGES AFTER URINATING.

IRRITATION OF THE NECK OF THE BLADDER. INFLAMMATION OF THE KIDNEYS CATARRH OF THE BLADDER.

STRANGUARY AND BURNING OR PAINFUL URINATING.

For these diseases it is truly a sovereign remedy and too much cannot be said in its praise. A single dose has been known to relieve the most urgent symptoms.

Are you troubled with that distressing pain in the small of the back and through the hips? A teaspoonful a day of the Constitution Water will relieve you like magic.

PHYSICIANS

Have long since given up the use of buchu, cubebs and juniper in the treatment of these diseases, and only use them for the want of a better remedy.

CONSTITUTION WATER

Has proved itself equal to the task that has devolved upon it.

DIURETICS

irritate and drench the kidneys, and by constant use soon lead to chronic degeneration and confirmed disease.

We present the Constitution Water to the public with the conviction that it has no equal in relieving the class of diseases for which it has been found so eminently successful in curing; and we trust that we shall be rewarded for our efforts in placing so valuable a remedy in a form to meet the requirements of patient and physician.

STROUDSBURG, PA., Jan 10, 1866.

DR. GREGG:

Dear Sir:—I wish to inform you that I have been under the treatment of some of our best physicians for nearly two years, without receiving any benefit. I had lost all confidence, and indulged in but little hope of a cure from any source. My disease was Dropsy, and my physicians told me that there was no cure for me. I was tapped some fifty times, and at the different operations about 1200 pounds of water was removed.

I am happy to inform you that I have been completely restored to health by the use of Constitution Water.

I make this statement hoping it may reach those persons who may be similarly afflicted.

Respectfully,
MRS. MARGILL C. LEVANWAY.

IN DYSMENORRHŒA, OR PAINFUL MENSTRUATION, AND MENORRHAGIA, OR PROFUSE FLOWING.

Both diseases arising from a faulty secretion of the menstrual fluid—in one case being too little and accompanied by severe pain, and the other a too profuse secretion, which will be speedily cured by the Constitution Water.

That disease known as FALLING OF THE WOMB, which is the result of a relaxation of the ligaments of that organ, and is known by a sense of heaviness and dragging pains in the back and sides and at times accompanied by sharp, lancinating or shooting pains through the parts, will, in all cases be removed by the medicine.

There is another class of symptoms arising from IRRITATION OF THE WOMB, which physicians call Nervousness, which word covers up much ignorance, and in nine cases out of ten the doctor does not really know whether the symptoms are the disease, or the disease the symptoms. We can only enumerate them here. I speak more particularly of Cold Feet, Palpitation of the Heart, Impaired Memory, Wakefulness, Flashes of Heat Languor, Lassitude, and Dimness of Vision.

READ! READ!! READ!!!

DANVILLE PA., June, 1862.—*Dr. William H. Gregg*—*Dear Sir*:—In February, 1861, I was afflicted with sugar diabetes, and for five months I passed more than two gallons of water in twenty-four hours. I was obliged to get up as often as ten or twelve times during the night, and in five months I lost about fifty pounds in weight. During the month of July, 1861, I procured two bottles of Constitution Water, and in two days after using it I experienced relief, and after taking two bottles I was entirely cured soon after regaining my usual good health.

Yours truly, J. V. L. DE WITT.

BOSTON CORNERS, N. Y., Dec. 27, 1861.—*Wm. H. Gregg & Co.*—*Gents*:—I freely give you liberty to make use of the following certificate of the value of the Constitution Water, which I can recommend in the highest manner:—My wife was attacked with pain in the shoulders, whole length of the back, and in her limbs, with *palpitation of the heart and irritation of the bladder*. I called a physician, who attended her about three months, when he left her worse than he found her. I then employed one of the best physicians I could find, who attended her for about nine months, and while she was under his care she did not suffer quite as much pain. He finally gave her up, and said "*her case was incurable. For,*" *said he,* "*she has such a combination of complaints that medicine given for one operates against some other of her difficulties.*" About this time she commenced to use the Constitution Water and to our utter astonishment, almost the first dose seemed to have the desired effect, and she kept on improving rapidly under its treatment, and now superintends entirely her domestic affairs. She has not taken any of the Constitution Water for about four weeks, and we are happy to say that it has produced a permanent cure.

WM. M. VAN BEUSCHOTEN.

WEATHERSFIELD, Conn., March 2, 1863.—*Dr. W H. Gregg.*—*Dear Sir*:—Having seen your advertisement of "Constitution Water," recommended for Inflammation of the Kidneys and Irritation of the bladder, having suffered for the past three years and tried the skill of a number of physicians with only temporary relief, I was induced to try your medicine. I procured one bottle of your agents at Hartford, Messrs. Lee, Sisson & Co., and when I had used half of it, to my surprise, I found a great change in my health. I have used two bottles of it and am where I never expected to be in my life, well, and in good spirits. I cannot express my gratitude for it; I feel that it is all and more than you recommended it to be. May the blessing of God ever attend you in your labors of love.

Yours truly, LEONARD S. BIGLOW.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. PRICE $1.

CONSTITUTION CATHARTIC LIFE PILLS
CONSTITUTION CATHARTIC LIFE PILLS.
CONSTITUTION CATHARTIC LIFE PILLS.
CONSTITUTION CATHARTIC LIFE PILLS.

PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOX.
PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOX.
PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOX.
PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOX.

WM. H. GREGG & CO.,
Proprietors.

MORGAN & ALLEN, General Agents,
No. 46 Cliff St., New York.

GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO.,
Boston.
april 14—3tawd&w

NOTICE
TO SELLERS OF INTOXICATING LIQUORS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That by an order of the Mayor and Aldermen, passed May 14, 1866, the City Marshal is directed to enforce the Act entitled an Act for the suppression of Drinking Houses and Tippling Shops, approved March 25th, 1858, and acts additional thereto. In obedience to said orders, the undersigned will proceed to take measures to enforce the provisions of said act in all cases of violation thereof in this city, from and after Monday next. H. R. FARNHAM,
may 16 City Marshal.

DO YOU WANT
ONE OF THE
BEST WEEKLY PAPERS
IN MAINE
If so, subscribe for the
Bangor Weekly Courier.
Price $2 per year in advance,
FIVE CENTS FOR SINGLE COPIES.
[illegible]

Eastport, Calais and St. John.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ONE TRIP PER WEEK.

On and after MONDAY, Dec. 17th, the Steamer *New Brunswick*, Captain E. [illegible] WINCHESTER, will leave Railroad Wharf, foot of State Street, Portland, every MONDAY at 6 o'clock, P.M., for Eastport and St. John.

Returning will leave St. John every THURSDAY at 8 o'clock, A. M.

At Eastport Stage Coaches will connect for Machias.

At St. John the E. & N. A. Railway will connect for Shediac.

Freight received on days of sailing until four o'clock, P. M. C. C. EATON, Agent.

Apply at 22 West Market Square. dec 29 tf

Fare Reduced to Boston.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

UNTIL further notice the Steamers of the Portland Steam Packet Company will run as follows:

Leave Atlantic Wharf for Boston every evening (except Sunday, at 7 o'clock.

Leaves Boston the same days at 7 P. M.

Fare in Cabin, $1 50
Deck fare, 1 00

Package Tickets to be had of the Agents at reduced rates.

Freight taken as usual. L. BILLINGS,
May 30, 1866. edtf Agent.

Portland and New York
STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
SEMI-WEEKLY LINE.

The splendid and fast Steamships DIRIGO, Capt. H. SHERWOOD, and FRANCONIA, Capt. W. W. SHERWOOD, will, until further notice, run as follows:

Leave Brown's Wharf, Portland, every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 4 P. M., and leave Pier 38 East River New York, every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 4 o'clock P. M.

These vessels are fitted up with fine accommodations for passengers, making this the most speedy, safe and comfortable route for travellers between New York and Maine. Passage, in State Room, $6. Cabin passage $5. Meals extra.

Goods forwarded by this line to and from Montreal, Quebec, Bangor, Bath, Augusta, Eastport and St. John.

Shippers are requested to send their freight to the Steamer as early as 3 P. M., on the day that they leave Portland.

For freight or passage, apply to EMERY & FOX, Brown's Wharf, Portland.
J. F. AMES, Pier 38 East River.

Portland, May 29, 1866.

NEW HOTEL IN DEXTER.
"MERCHANTS EXCHANGE."

We have this day opened a new and elegant Public House in Dexter. This Hotel is a large, new, three story building, situated in the most central part of the village, is just completed at great expense, thoroughly finished with all the modern improvements has 35 rooms all furnished with new and choice furniture, some of them suits of rooms to accommodate families. There is a Livery Stable attached, where excellent teams can be had at all times. We intend to spare no pains to please the public and to make the "Merchant's Exchange" a first class house in every respect, and respectfully solicit public patronage.

HAYES & MURCH.

L. D. HAYES. EBEN MURCH.
Dexter, Dec. 27, 1867. jan 10 d&w3m

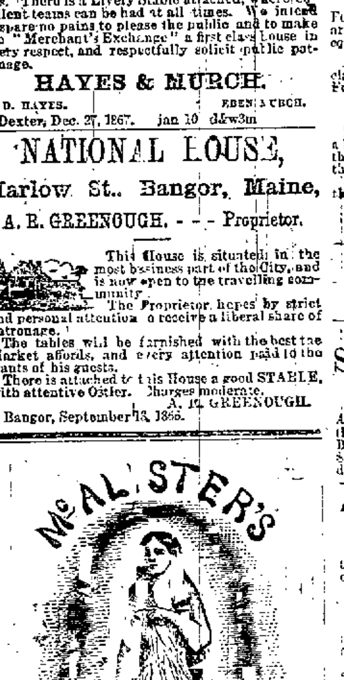
NATIONAL HOUSE,
Harlow St., Bangor, Maine,
A. B. GREENOUGH, - - - Proprietor.

This House is situated in the most business part of the City, and is now open to the travelling community.

The Proprietor hopes by strict and personal attention to receive a liberal share of patronage.

The tables will be furnished with the best the Market affords, and every attention paid to the wants of his guests.

There is attached to this House a good STABLE, with attentive Ostler. Charges moderate.
A. B. GREENOUGH.
Bangor, September 13, 1866.



OR WORLDS SALVE

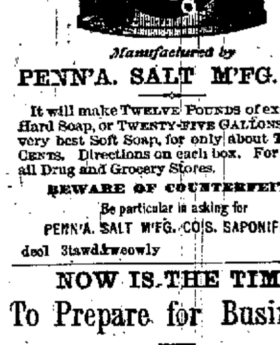
Has been an old family nurse for the past [illegible] years, and is known all around the world as the most soothing and healing Ointment in existence.

McALISTER'S ALL-HEALING OINTMENT
Never Fails to Cure.

Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Ulcers, Small Pox, Sore Nipples, Mercurial Sores, Erysipelas, Carbuncles, Corns, Bunions, and all Rheumatic Pains, &c. &c. Heals permanently Old Sores and Fresh Wounds. For Frosted Limbs, Burns or Scalds, it has no equal in the World. Give it a trial.

Price 25 cents. Sold by all Druggists.
Nov21'66 T&S

MAKE YOUR OWN SOAP
WITH
YOUR WASTE GREASE:
NO LIME NECESSARY:
BY USING
Saponifier!
OR



Manufactured by
PENN'A. SALT M'FG. CO.

It will make TWELVE POUNDS of excellent Hard Soap, or TWENTY-FIVE GALLONS of the very best Soft Soap, for only about THIRTY CENTS. Directions on each box. For sale at all Drug and Grocery Stores.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.
Be particular in asking for
PENN'A. SALT M'FG. CO'S. SAPONIFIER.
deol 3tawd&weowly

NOW IS THE TIME
To Prepare for Business!
BUSINESS CARDS,
OF ANY REQUIRED STYLE & SIZE,
Printed at short notice, at the
Whig & Courier Job Office,
KENDUSKEAG BRIDGE.

Lubricating Oils.

LARD, Sperm, Whale, Paraffine, Seal, Native, Neats and Tallow Oils; Wool Oils and Scouring Soaps, &c. Superior qualities at lowest rates.

Bartlett, Burgess & Co.,
pt 6—tf 109 State street, Boston.

Flour and Corn.

1250 BARRELS Extra State and Ohio FLOUR. 5000 Bushels nice CORN, now landing from sch. Snow and Atlantic, and for sale.
nov 28 S. H. DALE & CO.

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PRINTED IN THE BEST STYLE,
AT THE
WHIG & COURIER JOB OFFICE,
KENDUSKEAG BRIDGE.

PORTLAND & KENNEBEC RAILROAD.

"Lower Kennebec Route," via Kendall's Mills, Waterville, and Augusta.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

PASSENGER TRAINS leave Kendall's Mills daily, for Portland and Boston, upon the arrival of the 7.00 A. M. train from Bangor, connecting with trains at Brunswick for Lewiston, &c.

Returning—Passenger Train leaves Portland on arrival of train from Boston, at 1 P. M., connecting at Kendall's Mills with train for Bangor and intermediate stations.

Freight Train leaves Kendall's Mills [illegible] for Portland, and through to Boston with change of cars. *Returning*, Freight Train is due at Waterville at 3.25 P. M., and Kendall's Mills at [illegible].

Connection Tickets between Bangor and [illegible] on the Maine Central Road, and Waterville and Brunswick on the Portland and Kennebec [illegible] are now sold, and baggage marked through.

Through Fares from Bangor and all stations on the Maine Central Railroad, East of Kendall's Mills, to Portland and Boston, by the Portland and Kennebec Railroad will be made the [illegible] route as by the Maine Central [illegible] Roads. So also from Portland and Boston [illegible] and all other stations [illegible] of Kendall's Mills.

Passengers going [illegible] will [illegible] depot they arrive at in Portland, where [illegible] is allowed to dine.
nov19, 1866 W. HATCH, Supt.

Bangor, Oldtown and Milford
RAIL ROAD COMPANY.
WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after MONDAY, Nov. 19th, the trains will leave as follows, till further [illegible]

Leave Bangor at 7 A. M. 12 [illegible]
Leave Milford at 8 A. M. 12 [illegible]
Leave Oldtown at 8¼ A. M. 2 P. M. [illegible]

Bangor, Nov. 19th, 1866. N. T. SWAN, Agent.

MAINE CENTRAL RAIL ROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after MONDAY next, trains will leave Bangor daily for Portland and Boston, [illegible] A. M.

Accommodation train for Waterville and intermediate stations, at 1.30 P. M. daily.

Trains from Portland and Boston will be due at Bangor at 8 P. M., and from Waterville [illegible].

Through tickets are sold at Bangor [illegible] and Boston by this line only.

November 10, 1866. EDWIN NOYES

Pensions!---Bounty!
(NEW LAW!)
Important to all Soldiers!
PENSIONS INCREASED.

I AM AUTHORIZED, BY LAW, to [illegible] an *INCREASE* of Pension [illegible]

$8 to $15 Per Month,

For *every* Soldier who lost a *hand* or *foot* in the army, or who is disabled by wounds or [illegible] *equal* to the loss of a *hand* or *foot*.

Also—An *INCREASE OF PENSION* to other classes, and for dependent *fathers* and *brothers*. Full information given by calling on the subscriber.

BOUNTIES EQUALIZED!

This Law has passed the House and will become a law in a few days—when all the early soldiers of the war, and their widows and heirs, [illegible] their just due.

Apply early, either in person or by letter, at the OLD WAR CLAIM AGENCY of
C. P. BROWN,
June 19th, 1866.—d&wif BANGOR.

NEW
BOUNTY LAW!

SOLDIERS who have served THREE YEARS, or their widows or heirs, are entitled to

$100 Additional Bounty,

And Soldiers who have served TWO YEARS, or their widows or heirs, are entitled to an [illegible] Bounty of $50. Increased Invalid Pensions [illegible] $20, and $25 per month, according to the degree of disability.

Increased Pensions,
FOR WIDOWS.

All Widows drawing Pensions are now entitled to an increase of two dollars per month for each child under sixteen years of age.

Three Months Pay Proper!

Officers who were in the service, March [illegible] and were honorably discharged after April [illegible] are entitled to 3 months pay proper.

All persons having claims under the above laws should make application at once, in person or by letter, at the old and reliable War Claim Agency.

Perkins & Stevens,
NO. 1 MAIN STREET,
BANGOR, MAINE.

N. B.—They refer to the thousands of claimants whose claims they have prosecuted in a [illegible] satisfactory manner.

Special Notice
To Soldiers and Seamen!!
The Law Has Passed!
Bounties Equalized.

Justice Done the Early Soldiers and Seamen of the War, their Widows and Heirs.

NOTICE has been sent me from Washington that the Law equalizing the bounty [illegible] and Seaman was passed Saturday last, July [illegible] by Congress.

I am now authorized and prepared to [illegible] Bounty for every Soldier and Seaman [illegible] for their Widows and Heirs.

Application made personally at my office or by mail,—the discharge of the Soldier or [illegible] should be handed in—as it must be forwarded with the application.

All applications must be made signed, witnessed and sworn to, AFTER THE PASSAGE OF THIS LAW. Many soldiers have been induced to sign papers before the law passed. This is [illegible] irregular, fraudulent and void, and [illegible] such cases must be ma

Soldiers and Seamen

Call early and get full particulars at the Old War Claim Agency of
C. P. BROWN,
July 30 BANGOR.

The New Bounty Law.
SAVE YOUR MONEY!

SOLDIERS AND THEIR HEIRS can get the New Bounty, given by an Act of Congress July 28, 1866, by calling on the subscriber, a United States Special Agent, cheaper than at any other office in the State.

Daniel Sanborn,
aug 1—tf U. S. AGENT.

ST. XAVIER'S CONVENT
OF THE
SISTERS OF MERCY,
BANGOR, MAINE.

THIS Spacious and Beautiful Institution is located in a very healthful part of one of the most and most populous cities of the State. It offers superior attractions to parents desirous of giving their children a *solid* and *refined education*. They may be assured that every necessary attention will be paid to the *health* and *comfort* of the pupils. The utmost care will be taken to cultivate their minds and *religious principles* which alone render education profitable in after life.

The educational course comprises every useful and *ornamental* branch suitable for Young Ladies.

Difference of Religion will not be regarded in the admission of pupils who are willing to conform to the general regulations.

The Scholastic Year is divided into two sessions, the first of which commences on the FIRST MONDAY OF SEPTEMBER. No entrance fee.

TERMS.

Board and Tuition, per Session, payable in advance, $[illegible]

Terms for Day Pupils, per Quarter,

EXTRA.

Music, with use of Piano, per Quarter,		[illegible]
Vocal,	" "	[illegible]
Guitar,	" "	[illegible]
French,	" "	[illegible]
Italian,	" "	[illegible]
German,	" "	[illegible]
Latin,	" "	[illegible]
Drawing,	" "	[illegible]
A complete set of Lessons in Book-keeping,	" "	[illegible]

Washing, mending, or any of the usual incidental expenses, are not subject to any extra charge. Bed and bedding, $5 50.

UNIFORM.—Blue, Thibet, or Lyonese, in Winter; Blue Muslin or Delaine, in Summer; Knife, Fork and Spoon; Table Napkins. This uniform can be provided at the convenience of parents or guardians.

No deduction made for accidental absence, except when occasioned by sickness.

An extra charge of $25 00 for all who remain as boarders during vacation.

For further information apply at the Convent, or by letter to the Directress of the Institution.

sept 12 MOTHER MARY GONZAGA.

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